Yilmaz ends visit to N. Cyprus

ANKARA (AP) — Turkish Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz ended a two-day official visit to Cyprus Friday that drew criticism from Greek Cypriots. Yilmaz, speaking at Ercan airport in northern Cyprus, announced that Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash would fly to Turkey before meeting with Greek Cypriot leader George Vassiliou in Geneva next month, reported Turkey's the semi-official Anatolia news agency. The meeting between Denktash and Vassiliou is to take place under the auspices of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, who proposed the talks have an open agenda and no preconditions. Yilmaz said the Greek Cypriots should continue negotiations to establish a bicommunal federal state on the island, reported Anatolia. "If they do not accept this, then they have to accept the fact that the two separate political entities on the island will gradually become firmly established as two separate states," Yilmaz told reporters. The foreign minister reaffirmed Turkey's position that there could be no withdrawal of troops from Cyprus prior to negotiations for a settlement between the two



White House backs Iran-arms prosecution

WASHINGTON (R) — The White House said Friday it wanted legal proceedings stemming from the Iran arms scandal to go forward but refused to say if it would speed up the declassification of secret documents required as evidence. "We're on record as saying we want to get to the bottom of this and we want the legal proceedings to go forward," deputy spokesman Roman Popadiuk said at a news briefing. Popadiuk was responding to reporters' questions about a judge's decision Thursday to delay setting a date for the trial of former White House side Oliver North delay setting a date for the trial of former White House aide Oliver North because of uncertainty about the availability of certain records. Judge Gerhard Gesell ordered the delay after independent counsel Lawrence Walsh said at a hearing that an inter-agency task force needed until July 31 to cull through some 150,000 documents to decide what should be kept secret on national security grounds. Gesell, appearing exasperated by yet another roadblock to a trial, asked Walsh: "Is it perhaps clear now that the highest authorities of the government have to make a decision whether this case is going to go on or whether it isn't going to go?" Walsh technically reports to Attorney General Edwin Meese.

Volume 13 Number 3814

AMMAN SATURDAY JUNE 25, 1988, DHUL QAIDEH 11, 1408

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

AROUND THE WORLD...

U.S. to name Afghan rebel contact

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. State Department is to appoint an expert on Afghanistan to serve as a special contact with Afghan rebels, but is not ready to appoint an ambassador-at-large, a department official said Thursday. The proposal for sure a formal contact with the proposal for sure and some and the said thursday. U.S. diplomatic relationship with the rebels was made a week ago by the two Senate leaders. Democrat Robert Byrd and Republican Robert Dole, in a letter to Secretary of State George Shultz.

Two French 'advisers' killed in Afghanistan

MOSCOW (AP) - The official news agency TASS said Friday that two French advisers to an Afghan rebel group were killed in an attack by government forces on the insurgents' command centre in southeastern Afghanistan. TASS said the unidentified French advisers infiltrated Afghanistan in early May along with a group of American, Chinese, Pakistani, Iranian and Arab advisers. It said the group was organising command posts, coordinating attacks by the anti-government forces, teaching them how to use ground-to-ground missiles and paying bonuses for successful attacks.

Zia opens mosque said to be world's largest

ISLAMABAD (AP) - President Mohammad Zia Ul Hag knelt with the faithful Friday to open what Pakistan claims to be the world's largest mosque. Faisal Masjid, named after the late King Faisal of Saudi Arabia who financed the building, can accommodate 10,000 people in its prayer hall and an additional 200,000 on its surrounding lawns. Nestled at the base of the green Margalla hills in northwest Islamabad, the white vaulted dome surrounded by four 86-metre minarets has become a landmark of Pakistan's federal capital.

Armacost to visit Israel, Egypt

WASHINGTON (R) - Under-secretary of State Michael Armacost will leave Washington this weekend on an official trip to Israel and Egypt, the State Department announced Friday.

C. American leaders to meet in August

SAN SALVADOR (R) — Central American presidents will meet in San Salvador Aug. 7 to mark the anniversary of the Esquipulas two regional peace accord, acting President Rodolfo Castillo Claramount said Thursday. The meeting was proposed by the plan's architect, Costa Rican President Oscar Arias Sanchez, to review its progress and as a homage to Salvadorean leader Jose Napoleon Duarte, who is suffering from cancer and is not expected to live long.

China sets up special security force

PEKING (AP) — China has set up a special unit of its military police to handle any future pro-independence unrest in Tibet, a Chinese radio report said. The no. 2 detachment of the People's Armed Police in Tibet was established last month to "(deal) with sudden incidents and (deal) resolute blows to separatists who sabotage the unity of the motherland and the solidarity of nationalities," said the regional radio report broadcast in the Tibetan capital of Lhasa.

25 Bangladeshis hurt in clash

DHAKA (AP) - Fundamentalist Muslims clashed in northwestern Bangladesh with opponents of a new law making Islam the state religion, leaving about 25 people injured, police said Friday. The clash with home-made bombs and guns lasted about two hours Thursday in Rajshahi, about 200 kilometres northwest of Dhaka, police said by telephone.

French detonate nuclear device

CANBERRA (AP) — France conducted its second underground nuclear test in a week at the Mururoa atoll testing ground in the South Pacific early Friday, the Australian seismological centre at the bureau of mineral resources reported. The blast was the fourth on Mururoa atoll this year and the 99th in a series started in 1976 when France abandoned atmospheric testing.

Turkish journalist released

ANKARA (AP) - A Turkish journalist who was jailed for reporting the pre-trial testimony of a man accused of trying to kill Premier Turgut Ozal was released Friday. Erbil Tusalp, a reporter at Istanbul daily Cumhuriyet's bureau in Ankara, was released by court order after three days detention in the police station, a Cumhuriyet staffer

Sihanouk arrives in Thailand

BANGKOK (AP) - Prince Norodom Sihanouk arrived Friday to meet with followers along the Thai-Kampuchean border, on a visit that was likely to include talks on the Kampuchean conflict with Asian foreign ministers. Sihanouk, a key leader of resistance to the Vietnamese-supported Kampuchean government, flew into Bangkok's military airport from Peking. Little was known of his itinerary except that he had planned a one-week stay next week at a border camp in the northeastern province of Surin.

White House urges orderly Lebanon polls

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States Friday called for an orderly transfer of power in Lebanon following presidential elections later this year and expressed a renewed hope for national reconciliation in the strife-torn nation. "The United States considers the upcoming Lebanese presidential elections to be very important for Lebanon's unity and stability," a White House statement said.

Manigat arrives in Miami

MIAMI (R) — Ousted Haitian President Leslie Manigat arrived in the United States Friday on the first stop of an international campaign to promote opposition to the military leader who deposed him. A private plane carrying Manigat and his family from the Dominican Republic landed amid tight security in a remote corner of Miami international airport (Manigat blames U.S. for coup, page 8).

New governor for Pakistan province

KARACHI (R) — A former general was sworn in Friday as governor of Pakistan's Sind province where ethnic violence has killed 35 people in the past week. An official announcement said Rahimuddin Khan was sworn in to replace Asraf Tabani as governor of the southern Pakistan province.

Kohl appeals for Syrian help

BONN (R) — Chancellor Helmut Kohl appealed to Syria Friday for help in freeing a West German businessman held hostage in Lebanon, a government spokesman said. Spokesman Friedhelm Ost said Kohl made his plea to Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa during a meeting at the chancellery to discuss Middle East affairs. The chancellor called anew on the Syrian government to do its utmost to help secure the release of Hoechst manager Rudolf Cordes, held hostage in Lebanon for nearly a year-and-a-half," Ost

Regent underlines Jordan's firm stand

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal said: "Jordan, since its establish-Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, said Friday that Jordan follows genuine and constant national positions with regard to dealing with Arab issues, fore-most of which is the Palestine

Addressing a final ceremony on behalf of His Majesty King Hussein marking the Great Arab Revolt anniversary which was held by the Ministry of Youth at the Palace of Culture, the Regent

ment, remains committed to the Palestine cause. This yielded the 1950 unity between the two banks in accordance with the will of the Palestinian people at that time. Our commitment to attaining the Palestinian people's rights ensure the Palestinian people the full freedom to choose what suits them in the same way they earlier opted for unity with Jordan.

(Continued on page 3)



Bahraini Crown Prince Sheikh Hamad Ibn Isa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa upon his arrival Friday (Petra photo)

Uno ends visit, reaffirms Japan's support for Jordan's peace efforts

Japan agrees to allocate Regent: U.S. plan **\$140**m of **\$300**m loan

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Japanese Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno left Amman for Cairo Friday reaffirming his country's "resolve to continue to support Jordan's efforts to reach a just, lasting and comprehensive peace in the Middle East.'

In a departure statement, Uno said although his stay in the King-dom was brief "it was very fruitful."

Une was received by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Thursday. Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and Foreign Minister Taber Masri also held talks with the 66-year-old Japanese minister.

Uno told reporters at Amman airport that he had a "frank exchange of views with Jordanian officials on the Middle East peace

He also said his talks "dealt with Japan's possible contribution towards a peace settlement"

In an interview with the Jordan News Agency (Petra), Masri said that talks with the Japanese foreign minister were "beneficial and constructive covering different topics which directly affect both

Masri said the talks focused on means of improving bilateral cooperation in light of the Japanese government's "willingness to provide needed support to

(Continued on page 5)

U.S. to give \$100m aid to Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — The U.S. Senate Appropriations Committee has decided to grant Jordan \$40 million in economic aid and \$60 million in military aid.

The U.S. Senate is expected to vote in farour of the committee's

Arafat 'willing' to explain stand to U.S.

BELGRADE (R) - Palestinian whether it was an authoritative leader Yasser Arafat said Friday he is willing to meet American officials to discuss ways of solving the Palestinian question, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chairman made the statement during an official visit to Yugoslavia.

Arafat "said he was ready to meet an official American representative and discuss the solution of the Palestinian question and the crisis in the Middle East," Tanjug reported. Arafat made the remark during

a visit to Tanjug head office in reply to a question asking whether the PLO had sent an official document to the White House on PLO relations with Israel, Tanjug said.

He was accompanied by one of his closest advisers, Bassam Abu Sharif, who recently wrote an article published in London in the Middle East Mirror on Israel and Middle East peace prospects.

The article apparently softened the PLO line against Israel, endorsing United Nations resolutions that recognise Israel, and proclaiming that "we (the PLO) are ready for peace now." Its publication prompted the United States to question

PLO statement or only Abu Sharif's personal views. Asked if the article was an

"authentic PLO statement." Arafat was quoted by Tanjug as saying: "I will not tell this to you, but only to an American representative. "With the Israelis I can only

talk at an international conference. I am not an amateur in politics. I am president of the PLO," Arafat added, as quoted by Tanjug.

"Arafat today clearly con-firmed that the PLO accepts all U.N. resolutions, including Resolutions number 242 and 338,"

Tanjug said.

Arafat also denied that Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev had recently suggested that the PLO should recognise Israel, it added. "It was incorrectly interpreted," Arafat said.

The PLO leader recalled that the Uniced States had stated the key to settling the Middle East crisis "lies in the PLO's acceptance of U.N. Resolution 242, Tanjug said.

He said he had publicly asserted this in Addis Ababa in front of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar but that

(Continued on page 5)

aimed at filling vacuum

ference jeopardised by an inter-

national agenda." He was refer-

ring to the intermediate-range

nuclear forces (INF) treaty and

issues related to global economy,

giving a low priority to the Mid-

Algiers Arab summit conference

made it clear that despite critic-

ism of U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz's initiative, the

Arab states "did not close the

door on the proposed interna-

and Soviet role in the region as a

lynchpin" for a resolution of the

Arab-Israeli conflict, he said,

pointing that the proposed con-

address the causes rather than the

symptoms of conflict in the area.

"We certainly regard the U.S.

The Regent said the recent

dle East conflict.

tional conference.

the Algiers summit.

By Salameh Ne'matt Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN --- The latest American peace initiative was calculated to fill a political vacuum in the Middle East in the wake of the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories rather than to draw the region's protagonists closer together in the service of peace in the area, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan said Thursday.

There is an abiding fear that the U.S. administration is involved not so much in bridge building or the process of contimuity of its foreign policy, but in a gap-filling process," the Regent told a group of Japanese journalists accompanying visiting Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno.

The Regent expressed concern that Washington may not be giving the Middle East problem the attention it deserves due to other global issues sitting high on the superpower agenda.

He said it was "extremely wor-



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, accom-Japanese Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno on a visit to the Jordan University of Science and Technology Friday (Petra photo)

Palestinian fighting turns fierce in Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Syrian-backed Palestinian fighters Fri-day bombarded rivals in Beirut's flared June 9 to 63 killed and 249 wounded.

Altogether 112 people have Shatila refugee camp in a bloody power struggle. Police said that at one point five shells a minute were hitting the shantytown.

Police reported that at least 10 people were killed and 34 wounded in the fighting between Fatch fighters loyal to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and Colonel Saced Musa's radical Fateh-uprising in Shatila and the nearby

Bourj Al Barajneh camp.

Altogether, 112 people have been killed and 502 wounded by police count since May 1, when the rival factions began fighting for control of the camps on Beirut's southern outskirts.

A Fatch spokesman charged that Musa's fighters "started shelling the camps indiscriminately" early Friday to sabotage mediation efforts by Libyan offi-

The fighting raged despite a That raised the casualty toll Libyan-brokered truce since the latest spasm of fighting announced in Tripoli Thursday.

Heated exchanges at Angola parley in Cairo when the talks would resume. tween delegates from Angola, position at a briefing for South

CAJRO (Agencies) - Cuban and South African delegates swapped heated words Friday during four-sided talks in Cairo on ending the 13-year-old war in Angola, sources close to the talks

A South African official described the two-hour meeting, also attended by Angolan and U.S. representatives, as tough.
"It was vintage Pik," he said,

referring to the hard-hitting style of Foreign Minister Pik Botha. There were Cuban histrionics and the South Africans gave as good as they got," he said.

A Cuban official also described

the meeting as heated. He said Angola had made new proposals, but declined to give details.

Diplomats said earlier that differences had emerged over the timetable for the withdrawal of hotel while Botha and Malan Visome 50,000 Cuban troops in

Botha and South African Debelieved to have proposed that the troops be withdrawn over a shorter time than the four years Pretoria and Luanda. suggested by Havana.

'Apart from the fact that we received the proposal a month and a half late, it's not really a proposal at all," said a high-

ranking Angolan diplomat. "It does not even respond to our proposal. It's unacceptable," he told Renters.

The official, who asked not to be named, was speaking during a It was not immediately clear break in preliminary talks be-

They met at Cairo's Al Salam sited graves of compatriots killed

Cuban delegates at the threefence Minister Magnus Malan are and-a-half-hour morning session confirmed there were serious differences between the positions of

> third in two months, has been clouded by reported Cuban and South African troop buildups along the Angola-Namibia

doors Friday after a four-hour delay requested by Cuban delegates, who arrived late Thursday night.

Botha outlined his country's

African reporters. He said he conveyed the stand to Chester Crocker, the assistant U.S. secretary of state for African affairs, at a two-hour meeting Thursday.

The United States is mediating between South Africa and the ioint Angolan-Cuban delegation to resolve Angola's civil war and end South African rule over Namibia.

The conferees sat at a threesided table in a converted bancolour scheme at the hotel.

were held last month in London third round.

Settlers open fire on Arabs; 8 wounded

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) -Jewish settlers shot and wounded at least eight Palestinians in the occupied West Bank in two separate incidents Friday.

In addition, another six Palesti-Israeli soldiers, according to Israeli and Arab reports.

In the first incident, a Palestinian stabbed an American-born Jewish settler in the West Bank city of Hebron and the settler chased the assailant and shot him. Both injured men were hospitalised in fair condition. Some Jewish settlers called for revenge. Also Friday, Israeli settlers

opened fire on Muslim worshipers in the West Bank city of Nablus, the Israeli army said. Seven Palestinians were wounded, including two eightyear-old boys, hospital officials said. The two Israelis were lightly

injured and another six Palestinians suffered tear-gas and rubber-bullet injuries when soldiers opened fire at the crowd, reports on it. In occupied Gaza City, protests broke out after weekly prayers. About 150 Palestinians burned fires and shouted slogans before

Israeli troops dispersed them with

rubber bullets and tear-gas, wit-

ference remained "very much on nesses said. In Hebron, settler Yohan the Arab agenda" in the wake of Chaiken, 33, was on a shopping Prince Hassan said the Arab spree, when an Arab assailant stabbed him in the shoulder and desire to maintain the momentum of the international conference lower back, said hospital officials emanates from the need to

Chaiken, a computer programnians suffered tear-gas and rub- mer from Boston who now lives ber-bullet injuries, caused by in Hebron, pulled out his gun. chased his assailant about 50 metres and shot him in the elbow. said Zev Hever, a leader of Jew-

ish settlers in Hebron. Chaiken then received first aid before being flown by helicopter to Jerusalem's Hadassah nospital.

Hever said. The army closed off Hebron to all traffic and clamped a curfew in the area where the clash occurwhose car was pelted with stones red, near the Casbah (market-

American-born extremist rabbi Meir Kahane and about a dozen Jewish settlers gathered outside Hadassah's emergency room. Some had machine guns slung over their shoulders, others carried walkie-talkies and one wore a traditional skullcap with the words "Jews, revenge" stitched

The wounded Palestinian was identified by officials at Hebron's Alia hospital as 22-year-old Abdul Majid Sharawneh from the nearby village of Dura.

"This isn't a hospital asymore it's a military base," said one Alia doctor who declined to give his name because Israeli officials forbid Arab doctors from speaking to reporters.

The doctor said three Israeli

(Continued on page 5)

Intensive battle fails to halt locust menace

has failed to halt a plague of desert locusts in Africa and they have invaded the Sahel region, threatening crops at the peak of the growing season, U.N. offi-cials said Friday.

The plague, the biggest for 30 years, has already swept through North Africa, crossing the Red Sea into Saudi Arabia, and could reach India and Pakistan within a year, locust expert Lukas Brader of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) told a news conference.

"The plague cannot be stopped in the near future," said Brader, who directs FAO's locust-fighting

"Although we have sprayed five million hectares in North Africa the infestation is still not under control and new young swarms have moved South

West," he added. Brader said the biggest problem was that the new invasion in countries from Senegal to Sudan

ROME (R) - Intensive spraying crop-growing season and could mean disaster for food supplies. One to two million hectares of стор land could be affected, meaning the loss of one million tonnes of cereals.

> "In food aid that is the equivalent of about \$300 million," he In North Africa, spraying was

successful in limiting damage to Although in some parts of

Tunisia, oases in Mauritania and grazing lands in Morocco 30 to 40 per cent of crops were lost, the insects were largely kept away from the fertile agricultural lands north of the Atlas Mountains.

But Brader warned the swarms would return in October and more areas would need to be sprayed.

"Depending on the weather," they could spread to Palestine and into Turkey. Brader said. Under the right conditions they would reach India and Pakistan would coincide with the short by the middle of next year.

Pope reiterates support for Palestinian rights

Jewish leaders that Palestinians had a right to a homeland, and recalled the "incomprehensible pain, suffering and tears," of World War II events. Meeting with the Jewish lead-

ers on the second day of his Austrian trip, the pontiff did not respond to their call for the Vatican to give full diplomatic recognition to Israel. The Pope flew by helicopter to

the town of Transdorf near the border with Hungary, where he celebrated an outdoor mass for an estimated 80,000 Roman Catholics, most of them from Hungary and Yugoslavia.

The gold-robed pontiff issued special greetings in Transdorf to Roman Catholics in Eastern Europe. During his homily, the pontiff also recalled the "mechanised death of two world wars" and the "persecution and annihilation of whole groups of people because of their ethnic and religious background."

The pontiff started his day by meeting with Austrian Jewish community leader Paul Grosz speakable crimes.

VIENNA (Agencies) — Pope and five of the country's other John Paul II Friday told Austria's leading Jews at the office of the papal ambassador, called the nuncio, to Austria.

"The Jewish people has the right to a homeland, as any other nation has according to international law," the pontiff said. The same goes for the Palestinian people, many of whom have become homeless and refugees." He reminded his audience he

had made a similar call last September in Miami during his tour of the United States.

"By means of a common readiness for understanding and compromise, solutions should finally be found which lead to a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in this area," the Pope said, delivering his remarks in

Speaking of the World War II, the Pope said: "The incomprehensible pain, suffering and tears still are before my eyes and

etched deep in my soul."
But he added: "It would be clearly unjust and untrue to charge Christianity with these un-

Cuba, and the United States. in Egypt during World War II.

The Cairo round of talks, the

border. The talks began behind closed

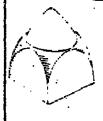
quet hall with a white-and-green Two fruitless rounds of talks

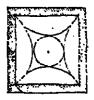
and Brazzaville, Congo, and the parties agreed on Cairo for the

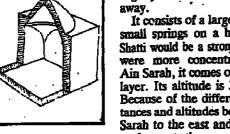
المان المال المال

Sumia: An island on ploughed landscape

Village Architecture







The following article is part seven of Ammar Khammash's exhibition catalogue entitled Notes on Village Architecture in Jordan, which the Jordan Times is serialising. The work was part of the requirement for his Bachelor degree from the University of Southwestern Louisiana (USL). Photos and sketches appearing with these articles were first exhibited at USL in March 1986. The publication of the book was funded by The Royal Endowment for Culture and Education, of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation. The book is available for sale at the foundation's head office at the Housing Bank Complex.

kilometres south of Seil ez Zarga, the village of Sumia marks the dead end of the road from Allan. Sumia is situated on one of the few flat hill tops in the area: all the surrounding sites are rough and rather steep.

At an altitude of 480 metres, this village has a situation similar to that of the village of Burma, six kilometres north on the other bank of the seil. From this location the southern side of the Ailun Mountains can be seen across the seil, an area relatively empty except for small mysterious villages I have never visited. Khsheibeh is one of these vil-

During mid-June, 1985, Sumia had a consistently strong westerly wind. The wind current seemed

ON the mountains three to have been originating in the Jordan Valley, meandering between the steep banks of the Wadi Seil ez Zarga, and finally branching off into smaller, steep, wind-catching valleys. Wadi Jaradeh is situated in such a way that it directs a strong current of wind towards Sumia.

Sumia is built on a great pieceof rock that gives a unified floor to the whole settlement. None of the traditional structures exist on the red-soiled plateau. The ori-. ginal site attractions were, most likely, the flat land with red soil surrounding the rock bed and the two springs, one to the east and one to the west of the site.

The spring to the east, Ain Sarah, one kilometre away from Sumia, is very accessible to the village. This spring comes out of a slightly more than one kilometre It consists of a large number of small springs on a hillside. Ain

sand layer at an altitude of 370

Shatti would be a strong spring if it were more concentrated. Like Ain Sarah, it comes out of a sand layer. Its altitude is 320 metres. Because of the difference in distances and altitudes betweem Ain Sarah to the east and Ain Shatti to the west, the people of Sumia use the eastern spring more frequently.

Since Sumia sits on exposed rock, it hides nothing to be excavated. If this site ever had any structures in any of the various periods of the past, there would be no chance for any of the remains of such structures to be preserved. The hillside just west of the village is rich in shards, suggesting that the site had early cycles of life.

There are no traces of antiquities in the walls of the village except for a few large stones that. might have been part of older structures. These stones, which are not well hewn, are used in the first two floors of some of the existing houses; they were too heavy to lift any higher. I did not see any cisterns in Sumia, but there is one cave on the western side of the village that might have previously fulfilled this function. This cave has an entrance that slopes down into an interior that is currently used as a shelter for

The village

Sumia is a well-preserved vil-lage within a half-hour's drive from Amman. Here one can still experience a traditional environment. Sumia's intactness is the result of the rough terrain created by the deep valley of Seil ez Zarga which prevented any roads crossing from the district of Balaa to the district of Ajlun.

Unlike villages on throughways, Sumia does not have concrete structures, at least not in its core. A few modern houses are scattered on the agricultural land along the dead-end road.

As one approaches the village on the road from the east, the cluster of houses appears like an island on the plowed landscape. The bulk of the village is connected as one piece without exterior walkways to penetrate and split its core. This village has no more than 25 houses, 12 of which are connected, sharing each

From the pattern created by their clustering, it might be assumed that the village grew around a nucleus house, a "twin house." Being in the centre of the core, this house might be the oldest, this presumption being supported by the fact that it is the largest house in Sumia. Cantious of premature theorization, I might say that the oldest houses in a village are often the largest

metres; it is not very strong. The spring to the west is Ain Shatti, strong family of a large number. The twin house has four pairs of arches, two doors and no win-

> The first two pairs of arches rest on columns; these cylindrical columns are topped with capitals and placed where the two arches of each pair meet. The rest of the house, away from the entrances, is separated by a wall; also, this part has a different level, less than a meter higher than the rest of the house.

If the two cylindrical columns used in this house are antique. they would be another piece of evidence to support the presumption that this house is the oldest in the village. Ancient stones must have been tempting to early builders since they were there on the site and already cut.

The houses of Sumia are large. most of them constructed with four arches to carry the roof. The four-arch houses are very rare in Jordanian villages where, in most cases, two or three arches are

The average floor area of a Sumia house is 100 square meters, and most of the houses are divided with a split level that starts at the third arch from the door and rises less than a meter above the rest of the house floor. The interior has very few pieces of mud furniture, the most notable being the small vaults between the sides of the arches,

This makes sense if we imagine little more than a metre high, which provide extra area for storage within the limited protection of the roof.

These vaults branch off from cantilevered imposts that are placed in the wall to make this

Sumia's houses have interesting doorways; they are sometimes made of stone that is treated differently from the rest of the house. From the exterior the openings of these doors are well framed, usually exhibiting the pattern of three small vertical openings above the arched door.

Similar doorway composition is found in the village of Sbaihi. The doorways of Sumia define the front of the house and create a facade on the most important elevation. They are the only openings in Sumia houses except for a few small openings in the walls which serve to admit light.

The house of Mahmoud Saleh Al Othman Abu Saleem provides a good example that fully represents the typical Sumia house; even though it is separate from the clustered core of the village, it still strongly belongs to the older group of houses.

Its present condition perfectly illustrates the way the traditional houses of Jordan were built.

The masonry stonework of the walls and arches is clearly exposed, showing a masterpiece of stone construction. It clarifies the language, the dialog of gravity and stone used to their ultimate



The village Sumia on a relatively flat-site just before the steep banks of Seil ez. Zarga

limits. Washed by annual rainfall, the western view of the four arches shows perfectly clean stone, the inner skin having been completely washed away since

the roof fell down years ago. The western wall of the house is partially destroyed, exposing in its section a double wall that is 120 centimetres in width.

It is very likely that another layer, a second wall, was added to strengthen the western wall against the rain. Since walls are made of stones that are unhewn, mud is used to fill the spaces so that the stones can stack resting on the maximum area of their surface; thus mud fillings "glue" the stones in a wall and protect them from falling, and in return the stones protect the mud filling from being washed away completely by the rain.

This mutual protection is disturbed when water gets inside the wall from the top. This happens after the ceiling falls or when maintenance of the roof edge is poor. When a great amount of water seeps into the core of the wall, it forces the mud to flow out from between the stones, causing the plaster to peel.

Often the wall gets thicker when the outer layer of stone separates from the rest of the wall, buckles and collapses.

Most of the older houses in Sumia include an area in front of the main and only door. This area, which is as large or larger than the house, I would not call a "courtyard" since it is not surrounded by other rooms but by a wall that is one to two metres

It is mainly used for keeping the goats in at night after they have come back from the day's grazing. The walls defining these by the womefolk and stored as of the hill is a wali, Sheikh years ago.

fuel for winter cooking. Their placement on top of the walls is ideal; they do not occupy space elsewhere, and they work as "barbed wire" keeping the young goats inside.

For me, these bushes seem to provide a perfect ending to the walls before they meet the sky, a transitional material that forms a cushion between the hard limestone and the soft air of Sumia.

The people

In Sumia the main families are the Huaidi and Abu Saleem. The Huaidi family is a branch of the Qteshat family from Es Salt. The Abu Saleem family is originally from the village of Jazzaza in the district of Ailun across Seil ez Zarga. I was also told that a century ago the village was inhabited by the Abbadi family and the land belonged to the Manascer.

The people of Sumia think highly of their village; they claim that most of the families living in the other villages of the area originally came from Sumia. Most of the villagers work the

land and raise herds. Crops include wheat (probably the most cultivated), tobacco, waterme-lon, tomato and olive. Livestock consists mainly of black goats. A few men have jobs in the army and come back to their village every one or two weeks.

Other sites in the area

Khirbet Uleigun

Khirbet Uleigun is one of the richest sites in shards. It is now part of a private farm that is 1.5 kilometres west of Sumia across Wadi Shatti.

The site is a hilltop that is spaces are constructed in a consis- covered with the remains of a ficant except for a few pieces of tent way that gives Sumia a uni- complex settlement. The walls of fied character. Almost all of these the ruins are five courses high shards is so low that one may walls have dry bushes stacked on showing the bases of rectangular top, bushes which are collected structures. On the southern side

Mohammad Uleigun. The Wali has an old tree that marks the site which is visited by

the women when the winter brings no rain. Due to the density of pottery fragments of the Mamluk period,

Uleigun seems to have been most lively during that period.

Sadd Sultaneh

The name means "Dam of Sultaneh"; also, the site is called Sadd El Rahbat, or "Dam of the Nuns." It is a high rock cliff at the end of Wadi Jaradeh, three kilometres northwest of Sumia.

The cliff has a big cave that is enclosed by a wall with small openings. The cave is created by a thick layer of cantilevered rock that in winter becomes a waterfall, dropping the rainwater of Wadi Jaradeh in front of the openings of the cave. It is said that this place was inhabited by nuns some time ago. To reach the cave one has to climb a dangerous

Nasir Thaher Al Abbadi, the shepherd who explained to me how to get to this site, said that he had been up in the cave only twice. In the cave there is a thick layer of dust, 30 to 40 centimetres of dust rarely disturbed by foot-

Also from the same shepherd I got the directions to reach a hot spring. Called Hammam Mozeh, this spring comes out of a sand cliff on the southern edge of Seil ez Zarga in the area of Sadd Sultaneh. Its water is slow and just warm enough to be used for

Teli Abu Ruais

Located one kilometre northwest of Sum scattered pottery. The density of presume that the site was used only for camping about 2700

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Painted Mamluk shards from Khirbet Uleigun

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

A woman from Sumia

	Tel: 773111-19
PR	OGRAMME ONE
15:	30 Korau
	50 Programme review
15:	55 Cartoons and children program-
	mes
17:	35 Olympic Games 50 Local series
17:	50 Local series
19:	10 Message from Iraq
19:	io Family programme
10.	10 Programme relicioni

...... News in Arabic ... Arabic series Local programme
Varieties programme .. News summary in Araba PROGRAMME TWO

European football cham-pionship final: Netherlands vs USSR Le Chevalier de Pardaillon 19:15

..... News in French
Un DB de plus . News in Acabic Magazine 01 Saturday Varieties

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

Tel: 7741	11-19
07:00	Morning Show
97:30	
	Morning Show
19:00	. News Summary
10:05 Morr	ning Show Coutd.
11:00 Hitsville: The	Story of Motown
12:00	. News Summary
	Pop Session
	. News Summary
	Pop Session
14:00	News Bulletin
	Jordan Weekly
15:00	Concert Hour
	. News Summary
	als/Old favourites
	. Special Feature
17:30	. Good Old Days
18:00	. News Summary
18:95	
19:00	
20:09]	ne 1 oung Sound
20:36 D	iscovering Music

...... Country Music Classical Concerts **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:90 Newsdesk 97:30 Here's Humph! 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial News 08:90 World News 08:99 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Personal View 08:45 The World Today 09:00 News-desk 09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News .10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 From the Weeklies 10:45 Network UK From the Weekles 10:48 Network UK 11:40 World News 11:99 Reflections 11:15 A Jolly Good Show 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 The World Today 12:30 Financial News followed by Sports Roundup 12:45 Personal View 13:00 News Sum-mary followed by Trooping the Colour mary followed by Trooping the Colour 13:15 Sports World 13:30 Trooping the Colour contd. 13:45 Letter from America 14:00 World News 14:09 America 14:00 World News 14:09
News About Britain 14:15 The A-Z of
Hollywood 14:30 Meridian 15:00
Radio Newsreel 15:15 Multitrack 3
15:45 Sports Roundup 16:00 World
News 16:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News
Summary 16:30 Sportsworld 16:45
Sportsworld 17:00 News Summary folloved Sportsworld cond. 17:45 World
News 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 loved Sportsworld contd. 17:45 World News 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Sportsworld 19:00 World News 19:09 News about Britain 19:15 Sportsworld 29:00 World News 20:89 Words 29:15 The Ken Bruce Show 20:45 Sports Round-up 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Great British Concert Halls 22:00 News Sum-mary followed by Play of the Week: Number One 23:00 World News 23:09

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565,

07:00 News 07:10 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 VOA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Closeup 18:30 Press Conferenc, USA 19:80 News 19:10 American View-points 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:80 News 20:10 Weekend 21:90 News 21:10 Closeup 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 American Viewpoints News 22:30 Music, USA 23:00 News 23:10 Music, USA Jazz 23:55 Editorial 23:55 Editorial 24:90 News 01:10 Communications World 01:30 .. The Musical in Review

EXHIBITIONS

TODAY'S EVENTS

A permanent book exhibition, at lower Building, Jabal Amman, 3rd

A permanent exhibition of plastic art by 27 Arab artists at the Plaza Hotel.

★ Sculptures by Salam Al Madamgha
at the French Cultural Centre.

☆ An exhibition of Arabian Calligra-phy by Dr. Sami Nasib Mkarem at Alia Art Gallery. ⇒ Paintings by Rizk Abdul Hadi, Petra
Bank Gallery.

☆ Photo exhibition at Al Hussein Youth City.

☆ The 88 Seoul Olympic Photographic Exhibition and Film. The Royal Cultural Centre at 06:00 p.m.

FILMS

★ Film: "Do the Right Thing and Shon Nobody." The Goethe Institute at 08:30 p.m.

LECTURES

* Lecture on smoking by Dr. Moham-mad Shreim. Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation 06:00 p.m.

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre Tel.	661026/7
Royal Cultural Centre Tel. American Centre	644371
American Centre library	641520
British Council	63614718
French Cultural Centre	27700
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	644203
Spanish Cultural Centre	624049
Turkish Cultural Centre	630777
Haya Arts Centre	207777
Hussein Youth City	6671916
Y.W.C.A	641707
Y.W.M.A	664251
Anman Municipal Library	637111
Animan Municipal Library Univ. of Jordan Library	247559
OM 1. 01701000 2200-03 1771-	

WHAT'S GOING ON

Museum² Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00

a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m - 6:00 pm. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

MUSEUMS

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Clab. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Chab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabel Amman, Eighth Circle, Tel. 816534, 817534.

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammaciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel.

Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Charch (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luwcibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annuncistion (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Annun, Tel. 625383. chaplain's residence tel. 601359.

Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

677534. Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

OUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it ould always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

(5)	Sulfabore, Prese Trubbit (1	N)
99:00	Singapore, Kuaia Lumpur (1	ຎ
10:00	Aqaba (I	RÚ
10:30	Cairo (1	ญว
	Dhahran (1	
10:40	Kuwait (1	Ζij
10:55	Karachi, Dubai (I	ญ์
	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (i	
18:20	Athens (I	ญ
12.78	New York Vienna (1	oή
18=55	Copenhagen, Frankfurt (i Los Angeles, Miami, Vienna (i	ēΥ
19:00	Los Angeles, Miami, Vienna (Řή
29:45	Tripoli (1	ŘΝ

OTHER ELIGHTS (Terminal 2)

UIH	ER FLIGHTS (Termanas 2)	
82:2 0	Belgrade (JU) Riyadh (SV).	
10,28	Riyadh (SV).	
12:30	Baghdad (IA)	
13:20	Bahrain (GF)	
13:20	Cairo (MS)	
	Tripoli (LN)	
16:00	Riyadh (SV)	
18-05	Rome (AZ)	
19.46	Vananie (PT I)	
21:15	Frankfurt, Damascus (LH) Paris, Damascus (AF)	
77-35	Paris Damarcus (AE)	
\$1.00	London, Cairo (BA)	
U).		
DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS		

(Termin	al 1)	
67:45	Agaba (Tripoli (R
11:30	Tripoli	R
12:00	Amsterdam, New York	R
	Athens	
	Frankfurt, Brussch (
12:45	Geneva, Madrid	'n
13-00	Vienna, New York	'n
13-66	London ('n
12-15	Paris (÷
10.10	Dhabran (÷
25.40	Kuwait (÷
20340	Debei- Debe	
	Bahrain, Doha (
20:50	Damascus, Larnaca (Ľ
Z1:30	Cairo (Į.
21:15	Jeddah (U
21:39	Abu Dhabi, Dubai	ı

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

•		•
¢3:3 5	.,, Belgrade	(JU)
06:20	Damascus, Frankfurt	(LH)
09:15	Beirut (ME)
11:00	Jeddah	(SV)
14:80	Baghdad	(IA)
14:05		(MS)
14:30	Doha, Muscat	(GF)
16:45	Kuwait	(LN)
17:40		(SV)
18:55		(AZ)
20:40	Kuwait (KU)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Thursday rates
Local sell/buy rates in fils
Belgian franc (for 10) 99.2/ 100.2
Dutch guilder 184.9/ 186.7
French franc
Italian lira (for 100) 27 0/ 28 2
Italian lira (for 100) 27.9/ 28.2 Japanese yen (for 100) 283.8/ 286.6
Swedish crown
Swiss franc
U.K. sterling pound 646/ 653.5
U.S. dollar
W. German mark 207.5/ 209.6
w. German mark 207.57 209.6

PRAYER TIMES

12.38 16;21 19:52	Fajr (Soorise) Duha Dhuha 'As Maghreb

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

expected, with low clouds appearing and north-westerly moderate winds. In Agaba, the winds will be northerly

moderate and calm	5025.	
Аппас	Min Jmax	. temp.
Amman		14 / 25
Aqaba		20 / 35
Aqaba Deserts		15 / 28
Jordan Valley		20 / 34
Yesterday's high to	entoerature	s: Am-
Yesterday's high to man 25, Agaba 33.	Humidity re	adines:
Amman 32 per ce	nt Ansha	33 ner
	mest a reference	~ p~

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

NIGHT DUTY **EMERGENCIES** AMMAN: 663412

Annaan Gwil Defence 198, 199 Civil Defence Irbid 271293, 273131 Civil Defence Quweismeh 70733 193, 775111 Amman downtown fire brigade. Blood Bank 778303 Civil Defence rescue 661111 Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann	
Akilch Maternity, J. Amn	. 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	642362
Malhas, J. Amman	636140
Palestine, Shmeisani	
Shmeisani Hospital	
University Hospital	
Al-Mussher Hospital	
The Islamic, Abdali	
Al-Ahli, Abdali	
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	. 777101/3
AJ-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	
Army, Marka	891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital	
Amal Hospital	674155

Dr. Taysir Khader ... Dr. Abbas Al Hakim 661912 Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy 623672

606857

. 242599

تحنا لعتوا 640031 Venice taxi Asfour taxi 623230 Tamer taxi 663100 Saved taxi

ZARQA: Dr. Ziad G'etim **GENERAL**

Jordan Television 773111/19	
Radio Jordan	
Hotel complaints 666412	
Price complaints	
Jordan and Middle East calls 10	
Overseas calls	
-	

MARKET PRICES

TRBID:

Upper/lower price in fils per k	550 / 450
Upperlower price in fils per k Apple (Freach)	0 Lemon (green)
Apricot 550 / 45	
Sanana 350 / 30	0 Marrow 110 / 80
Sanana (Mukammar) 300 / 25	
Seans 300 / 25	Oranges
≥bbage 90 / 6	0 Okra
Carrot 100 / 7	0 Peaches
auliflower 160 / 12	00 Pepper (hot)
berry (red) 700 / 60	(i) Penner (surer!)
Sherry (red)	0 Pepper (sweet)
ucumbers 140 / 10	
ggplant (large)	0 Tourios
ggplant (small) 200 / 15	0 Watermelon 80 / 50
Sartic 350 / 30	0 Sweetmelon 150 / 120
	V

مُ لِمَا مِن الأَصِلُ

Princess Basma opens 4 centres today

Great Arab Revolt and the Army Day, Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, chairman of the board of directors of Queen Alia. Jordan Social Welfare Fund (QAJSWF), Sunday opens four integrated social services centres in Zubarieh, Juheir, Bir Al Dab-

Social Development and Planning Department Director Abdullah Abu Al Ata said Friday that these centres are part of a project aimed to establish social services in south Jordan. The project, which will be implemented by QAJSWF in coopcration with the Industrial Development Bank, consists of one main centre in Ma'an city and eight sub-centres will be set up in the governorate

The project aims to draw up and implement special programmes benefitting children ad mothers and will organise programmes for training males and females to acquire new and useful

Balga celebrations

In Balga governorate a major celebration was held Thursday at



Mujhem Khreisha

第 2 (**达**)

àŲ,

.

1 انت

1.1

雅記 黨

AMMAN (J.T.) — As part of the Comprehensive Secondary Jordan's celebrations of the School for girls to mark the Great

Arab Revolt. Balga Governor Mujhem Khreisha outlined the importance of the revolt in the Arab history and pledged the one Jordanian family's support for the objectives and principles of this revolt.

in Lubanieh, Juheir, Bir Al Dab-baghat and Baqaa in Shibak area. Mayor, and a Youth Ministry representative.

Also Thursday Youth Minister Awad Khleifat opened an exhibition of photos and documents of the Great Arab Revolt held at the Hussein Youth City Palace of

In Ras Al Nagab in south Jordan, a week-long youth camp. held to mark the occasion, ended Thursday. Taking part in the camp were 125 youths from the various centres, in addition to 17 youths from Egypt and Bahrain. In Tafileh, Mu'ta University

President Ali Mhafza delivered a lecture on the great Arab Revolt's aims and objectives, underlining the great values of the revolt and highlighting the role of Tafileh citizens in supporting the Arab right.

Zarga marks revolt

In Zarqa a major celebration was held when a number of youths received the banner of the Great Arab Revolt from a group of youths from Mafraq, thus heralding the beginning of the celebration, which was addressed by Zarga Governor Eid Qatarneh who praised the revolt, describing it as the beacon that guided the

Arab nation's steps.

Meanwhile, Minister of Youth Awad Khleifat Thursday opened a photo exhibition at Al Hussein

Youth City.
The exhibition includes several documentary photos of Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali and his family in addition to drawings and documents on the Great Arab Revolt.



Housing Corporation Director Youssef Hiyasat and a representative of a local contracting company sign a housing contract Thursday (Petra

Local company signs JD 476,000 housing deal

AMMAN (Petra) - The Housing Corporation has awarded a JD 476,000 contract to a local

tracting company.

The company will construct two buildings, each consisting of six apartments, and 34 independent housing units in Thiban, as part of a project for 78 housing

Hiyasat said the project, which will be set up on an area of 4,727 square metres, will be completed within 18 months "it comes in The agreement was signed
Thursday by Housing Corporation Director Youssef Hivasat and a representative of a local

The corporation's new plan "includes the construction of many housing projects in the rural areas, to put an end to the migration from rural to urban areas and to meet the peoples' housing requirements," Hiyasat said.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

OBEID GETS AWARD: Industry, Trade and Supply Minister Hamdi Tabba Thursday decorated the outgoing secretary general of the Council of Arab Economic Unity Mahdi Obeid with Jordan's Independence Medal of the First Order, which was conferred upon him by His Majesty King Hussein in appreciation of his efforts in enhancing Arab economic work. Obeid voiced appreciation for King Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and the Jordanian government for the warm welcome and reception he was accorded in Jordan.

CABINET ENDORSES LAW: The cabinet Wednesday endorsed the budget of the Education Tax Department for this year which amounts to JD 7.5 million.

AECPA TALKS CONTINUE: Continuing its discussions of the presented working papers, which deal with the educational situation in the occupied territories, the Arab Educational Council for Palestinian Affairs (AECPA) Thursday reviewed the Israeli imposition of books in the occupied territories which reflect their views on occupation and settlement in the occupied territories.

AGRICULTURAL PROJECTS: During a meeting with United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) Operations Director Akram Al Jaf Thursday, Agriculture Minister Marwan Al Hmoud reviewed UNDP's contribution to a number of agricultural projects

KATHIM GETS FELLOWSHIP: The International Council for Training Teachers Thursday decided to grant Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim Kahtim, the general coordinator of UNESCO (United Nations Educational. Scientific and Cultural Organisation) in the Arab countries and director of the Regional Education Bureau in Amman, a distinguished honorary fellowship in appreciation of his outstanding achievements in the field of education.

NURSES TO GET BA: Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh has chaired a meeting of the Higher Health Council which decided to enable nursing college graduates to pursue studies and get the bachelor degree. The council decided to maintain the job of assistant nurses and restrict candidates for this job from the Tawjihi students. The council also decided to expand the Cancer Centre at Al Bashir Centre and provided it with the necessary expertise and equipment.



مكندا مند لاصل

KHASAWNEH IN MADABA: Information Minister Hani Khasawneh Thursday reviewed the Jordanian-Palestinian relations and outlined the role of Jordanians in safeguarding this relation. Khasawneh was delivering a lecture entitled "the Jordanian-Palestinian relations

invitation extended to him by the Madaba branch of the Professional Associations Complex. In attendance were the Madaha district governor, Madaba police director, heads of municipal and village councils and a large number of people.

Ureikat returns from ILO talks

AMMAN (Petra) - Labour and ers and employers in Palestine amendments they proposed, the Rashid Ureikat Thursday returned home from Geneva where he headed the Jordanian delegation to the 75th International Labour Organisation (ILO) conference, which concluded Thursday.

In an arrival statement, Ureikat said the conference discussed many issues including a pan-Arab r oposal which won a

high priority at the conference. The proposal, which was one of 13 submitted to the Resolutions Committee, dealt with protection of freedoms and rights of labour-

Social Development Minister and the occupied Arab terri-

However, the proposal could not reach the general conference because of the opposition led by the United States and the European group "which sought to block the approval of the proposal and even stop the discussion thereof."

"In view of the repeated attempts by the U.S. and the European group to waste the conference's time and to divert it from discussing the main issues by delving into unnecessary details, and in view of the many committee was unable to discuss the proposal in full and consequently was unable to make any specific recommendations on it, Úreikat said.

On the Jordanian delegation's participation, Ureikat said, the delegation played a constructive and active role in the meetings and took part in the sub-committees meetings.

It also took part in meetings of the Asian group and the Arab group, and was selected as a member in the Arab Coordination Committee and the Wording

Rawabdeh highlights importance of municipality's humanitarian services

AMMAN (Petra) - Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh Thursday stressed Amman Municipality's interest in the humanitarian aspects of the local services, including the construction of gardens, libraries, public parks, playgrounds and social centres.

He said the municipality will allocate JD 500,000 for projects, designed to provide better services for the refugee camps within Amman boundaries.

Addressing students from Yarmouk University, Rawabdeh said

that administration is a collective, guided and organised activity geared to implement certain policies within the context of planned objectives.

Rawabceh, who was speaking about local administration and the municipality's experience in this regard, said that Amman is one of the ten cleanest cities in the world, according to the Uaited Nations report.

"The municipality has persued its efforts to achieve its objectives of turning Amman into a clean, green and blossoming city. To

achieve this the municipality plants 2,000 saplings every day, Rawabdeh said. On the Interior Ministry

Bridge, Rawabdeh said that there are no problems facing the smooth flow of traffic on this bridge and that it was properly designed. He pointed out that the munici-

pality will construct 42 intersections in Amman.

On the numbering and naming of streets in Amman. Rawabdeh said this process will be finalised

RJ bans smoking on short flights

AMMAN (J.T.) — Royal Jordanian announced Thursday that it will ban smoking on board its aircraft on short haul routes as of July 1, 1988.

flights to Aqaba and Damascus from and to Amman, and will implement this procedure on other flights soon after, an RJ

Regent

unity."

underlines

(Continued on page 5)

"Jordan blesses the Palestinian

firm stand

press release said. This is the first time ever that

an airline in the Middle East is taking such a step in an area where the percentage of smok-The airline will start with the ers to nonsmokers is quite high in comparison to European and North American countries, the release added.

resistance is anticipated as the flights usually operate with 75 per cent of seats designated as nonsmoking with an increasing demand for nonsmoking seats.

This announcement by the airline coincides with the Jordanian government efforts to ban smok-An RJ spokesman said that no ing in public areas in general.

Mental health seminar ends

people's desires and wishes in the tegrating mental health services clinics. same way it blessed the 1950 into the primary health care ser-

Reviewing the march of the Hashe-mite leadership with regard to con-tinued defence of the Palestinian peo-At the conclusion of its meetings, participants also called for timed defence of the Palestinian peo-ple and land, the Regent recalled the historic stages in which the Hashemite leadership defended Jerusalem, Pales-tine, and Jordan, preserved the West Bank and Jerusalem in 1948, and united the two banks in 1950 in accordance with the Palestinian peo-ple's ==31 rehabilitating health cadres at the primary health care centres to enable them to render mental health services that need not to be performed by professionals or

FUHEIS (Petra) - A three-day at their own communities without symposium on mental health ser-vices, organised by the Health centre for treatment. They will Ministry in cooperation with the also contribute to the reduction World Health Organisation of treatment costs and alleviate (WHO) Thursday called for in- congestion at the mental health

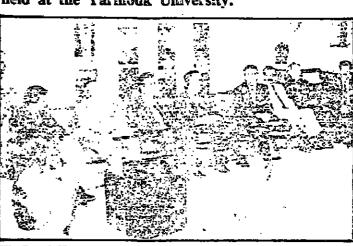
The Health Ministry will prepare training programmes for its cadres who, after training, will be providing such services through the primary health care centres.

The symposium also stressed the need for cooperation between people and the concerned institutions and ministries to ensure the smooth planning and imple-By doing so, mental patients mentation of the plans drawn up will have easy access to treatment by the Ministry of Health.

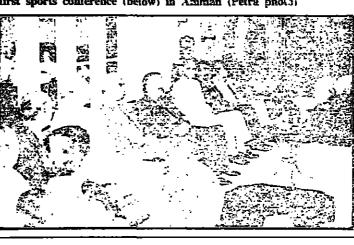


Regent stresses need to modernise industries

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Thursday received in two separate audiences participants in the 8th Arab chemists conference and the first sports conference held at the Yarmouk University.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Thursday receives participants in the 8th Arab chemists conference (top) and the first sports conference (below) in Amman (Petra photo)



During his meeting with chemists. Prince Hassan stressed the need to establish centres for scientific innovation to help develop and modernise existing industries, and provide the means to absorb new technologies.

The Crown Prince outlined Jordan's experience in the field of science and technology and referred to the establishment of the Higher Council of Science and Technology in Jordan to follow up on such areas.

Prince Hassan also called for the establishment of an Arab open university, highlighting the role such a university can play in the field of joint Arab work, by setting up an information network between universities and scientific institutions in the Arab

"Such a step will help put an end to the Arab brain drain and will encourage them to work in their relevant countries," the Crown Prince noted.

Prince Hassan stressed the importance of meetings between Arab researchers, scientists, research centres and universities to

maintain scientific progress.

Concluding their three-day meetings, participants in the Arab chemists conference sent a cable to His Majesty King Hus-sein, expressing appreciation and gratitude for the warm welcome and hospitality accorded to them during their stay in Jordan.

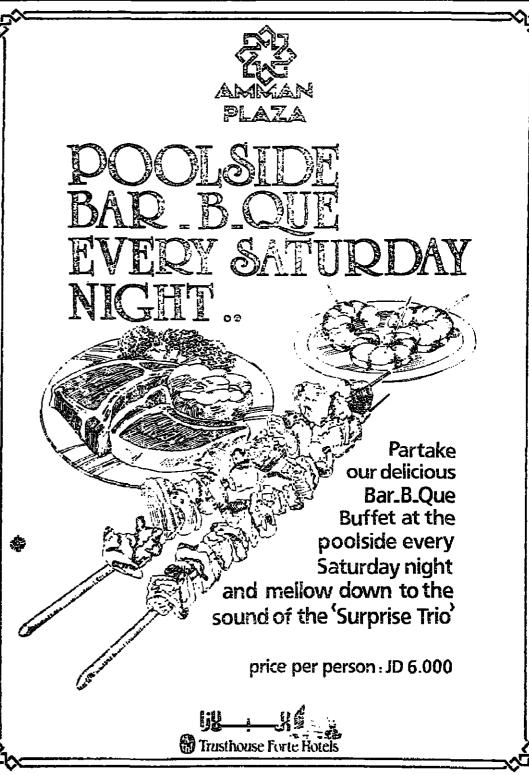
They voiced pride in King Hussein's interest and the special attention he directs to Arab scientists and intellectuals.

They also sent a similar cable to Prince Hassan.



behalf of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabden Thursday officially opened the JD 3 million recreational city at Jubeiha, in the presence of Culture and National Heritage Minister Mohammad Hammouri, Jubeiha Recreational City is built on a 65,000-

RECREATION CITY OPENED: On square-metre area and includes 17 recreational facilities, a 2.500 square metre commercial market and a 70 metre-high, spring-like tower, the highest in its kind in Jordan. The city, which is owned by the Greater Amman Municipality, will be supervised and operated by a British company for a period of five years.



By Marwan Muasher

Jordan Times

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Responsible Editor and Director General: **MOHAMMAD AMAD**

Editor-in-Chief: RAMI G. KHOURI

.Editorial and advertising offices:

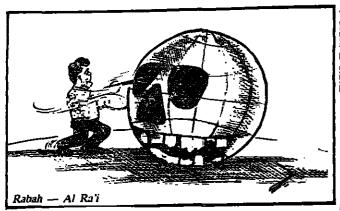
Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Friday's



Al Ra'i: Japan's interest in Mideast

THE current visit by the Japanese Foreign Minister Susuko Uno and his talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and Foreign Minister Taher Masri complement the efforts made by Prince Hassan during his recent visit to Japan, which contributed to adding more strength and effectiveness to the Jordanian-Japanese relations. Prince Hassan's successful visit to Japan was one of the main reasons behind encouraging Japan to embark on moves to help solve the region's problems. The new Japanese move, embodied in the current visit of Uno to Jordan, demonstrates Japan's interest in the events taking place in the region and reflects that country's growing credibility in the region. The move is also a positive indicator that the peace process has won the support of a great industrial power in our contemporary world. This power can play a genuine role through its heavy economic weight, which should be capitalised on for establishing peace and stability in the region.

Al Dustour: Japan assumes role

THE Japanese foreign minister's current visit to Jordan has a special importance at this time when the bilateral relations between the two countries are achieving tangible progress in all fields. The visit can also contribute to enhancing bilateral cooperation for the interests of the two peoples of Jordan and Japan. On the political scene, the visit has special importance because it takes place following a declaration by the Japanese prime minister that his country intends to contribute positively to efforts aiming at establishing peace and finding solutions to regional problems. On top of these problems is the continued Israeli occupation of Arab territories and the escalation of Israeli measures against the inhabitants of the territories in a bid to quell their uprising. It is within this context that Japan can play an important role in the efforts made to establish a just and durable peace based on United Nations resolutions and the Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories, including Arab Jerusalem, recognition of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people and respect for the security of all the region's states.

Sawt Al Shaab: Japan supports Jordan's role

THE Jordanian-Japanese relations are unique in that they are based on mutual and full understanding of the roles of both countries on the Arab World and in Eastern Asia and the roles both countries can play on the Arab and Asian levels. Jordan, led by His Majesty King Hussein, has always had a heavy weight and presence in the world, and was described by the Japanese friends as a power of moderation and stability in the region, in view of its courageous and rational stands. It is for this reason that Japan has extended a \$300 million loan to Jordan to invest in development projects. Japan sees Jordan as a unique Arab country capable of building a dynamism that constitutes an economic and development attraction point in the region and qualifies it to be a terra media for transferring technology to the Middle Eastern and North African regions. Japan, as a neutral power in the region, can therefore play an active role in supporting and complementing the peaceful efforts in the region.

Thursday's

Al Ra'i: Shamir threatens mass deportation

AS the uprising in the occupied Arab territories continues unabated the Israeli authorities announced that they will be taking further repressive measures to stem the Arab people's resistance of occupation, and end the revolt. This announcement indicates that the Arab territories are bound to witness a new and more elaborate form of violence and Israeli retaliation against the Arab protesters than hitherto witnessed. It also means an escalation of the uprising on the part of the Arabs who are determined to regain their freedom. Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has hinted that part of the new repressive measures is mass deportation of Arabs from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip, coupled with curfews and the burning of Arab crops and trees. Shamir and a number of his cabinet ministers had earlier demanded that mass deportation against the Arabs should take place so that the army can regain control over the occupied lands. This is indeed a new development in the situation and calls for a speedy action on the part of the Arab World to thwart Israel's designs. The new Israeli threat should prompt Arab countries to take up the issue at international forums and do all they can at all levels to put an end to such atrocities and oppression. Israel is planning to carry out a very evil plan against the Arab Nation and against stability and security in the Arab region, and the international community is invited to take proper action to deter Israel from committing further crimes.

Al Dustour: Uprising endures, intensifies

THE past few months have provided proof that the question of ending the current uprising in the occupied Arab territories is beyond the reach of the Israeli army because the Arab people are determined to carry on the struggle to the end. All the terrorist measures and inhuman practices against the Arab population proved so far to be ineffective in quelling the revolt and stifling the spirit of Arab resistance. Different statements by Israeli officials and military commanders about methods to deal with the uprising are tantamount to admitting Israel's total failure to end the waves of protests that engulfed the whole occupied Arab territory. Having experienced Israel's mentality and its way of thinking and fanaticism, we can only say that a long time will pass before Israeli leaders will seriously think of revising their own position and taking another view with regard to the future of the territories they have been occupying for the past 21 years. On the other hand, the uprising continues to intensify and the Arab people seem to be more determined to pursue the confrontation with the Israeli troops and to take even more dangerous actions against the occupying forces. This gives us cause to have confidence in the steadfast people and optimism that the future days will bear us more news about the uprising's successes.

TALKING STRAIGHT

Jordan needs political evolution

JORDAN has gone through several political phases in its short modern history of sixty seven years. Perhaps the period people remember most or write about in this context is that of the fifties, when political activity was at its peak, with several political parties present and functioning within the framework of the Jordanian constitution. For whatever reasons, be it that Jordan was not ready for proper political institutions, be it that political parties had no popular following, or whatever other reasons people choose to give,

the political institutionalisation of Jordan suddenly came to a halt. During the years since the mid-fifties, efforts were concentrated on building a modern country with an educated population, a sound economic system and a stable society in a turbulent region. Jordan has been largely successful towards achieving these goals. The country today, despite extremely limited natural resources, enjoys one of the best standards of living in the region. That has not been easy to achieve, and it took great determination from the people of Jordan, under the political leadership of His Majesty King Hussein, to reach where we are now.

In this building process, political institutions were largely ignored, probably for fear that they might stand in the way of social and economic progress that was taking place. Unfortunately, the problems facing jordan are not only economic and social, but largely political as well. Hence, excluding political institutions from the overall development of the country has resulted in a clear imbalance that we are starting to witness these days.

Jordan today faces difficult choices. These choices need to be discussed, weighed, thought out, and decided upon by the people of this country through their political institutions. This is the time for ideas to be brought forward. This is the time for national dialogue.

But who is to carry out this dialogue? Our political evolution has been left dormant, and has not produced, since the fifties, many political organisations or leadership with popular support that can articulate positions on issues thoughtfully. The lack of political institutions has not allowed for a system where grassroots leaders can be trained and screened. The lack of political institutions has left people with no clear visions, strategies or ideologies.

The result today is that we have in Jordan many people who work in politics, but few seasoned politicians. We have many first class technocrats, but few first class statesmen. We have many people efficiently able to run daily affairs, but few who are clear on overall strategy. We have many able people to carry out plans, but few to

This situation cannot keep on for ever. The country is in dire need for a system able to produce proven leaders who can offer different ideas and suggest alternatives. Such leaders should work out of clear political frameworks, and should have popular support. Leaders such as these described above are not born overnight, but have to go through several checks before they are allowed to lead. Such a

system, unfortunately, still does not exist in Jordan. The first step towards nourishing such a system is to elect a new

parliament. The present one has largely ceased to represent anybody except itself. The aspirations of the entire country cannot still be represented by a parliament which was elected twenty years ago. And while a new one will definitely not produce the kind of political leadership the country needs, it will have within it the seeds to do so. A new parliament would start the process of training and seasoning future leaders, and would provide the decision-makers with different ideas and strategies on the future of this country.

The government has to also reconsider its policies with regard to political parties and the articulation of political ideas. Our constitution ensures that political parties cannot work to destroy all what we have built over the years, and I am sure Jordanians of the 1980's are educated enough to act responsibly and out of national interest Thus, I think that the time is ripe to start thinking of a gradual re roduction of political parties to re-start the process of the political institutionalisation of Jordan.

It is debatable whether it is appropriate for us to have a Western-style system of participatory democracy based on foreign models, and it is also debatable whether this is the time to ponder such a system. We need to formulate political structures and systems that are appropriate to us, and what is clear today in Jordan is that our country needs the inputs of all its citizens to deal with what lies ahead. It is essential for a healthy future to start the wheel rolling

Uprising confronts Israeli red tape

By Ian Black

ON SUNDAY morning, outside the heavily-guarded main gate of the Israeli civil administration offices in the West Bank town of Ramallah, a middle-aged Palestinian in a striped jalabiya robe is squatting under a cypress tree and cursing quietly as he waits to do battle with his enemy.

Scores of Arabs are crowded in the shadow of the building, one of those ugly concrete forts built by the British during what they imperiously termed the "disturbances" in Palestine 50 years ago. The atmosphere is lethargic. And not just because of the heat.

Scenes like this can be seen all over the occupied territories these days as the Israelis try to wipe out what the Palestinians call their "intifada." This obscure Arabic word has caught on: Even the Isrelis have appropriated it so that it has become an indispensable part of the Middle Eastern political lexicon. The emergency Arab summit conference in Algiers was dubbed the "summit of the intifada."

But is it really happening? Watching the queues outside the Israeli headquarters, from Jenin in the north to Khan Yunis in the well conclude that it is not. The Palestinians. clutching forms and payments in shekels or Jordanian dinars, are waiting to get permits, licences, certificates and the identity cards without which they dare not move. This bureaucratic runaround is Israel's latest answer to the intifada. The revolt that erupted in the

Gaza Strip six months ago has been the most serious challenge ever posed to Israel in the 21 years since its victory in the 1967 war. Some 200 Palestinians have been killed since December 9: Thousands have been injured or are in prison, many without trial. So will paperwork succeed where the gun, the baton and the knock on the door in the middle of the night have failed?

Israelis call it "tightening the links" between them and the 1.5 million Palestinians they rule. The Palestinians call it harassment. It can take anything between three to five days just to submit an application for something as simple as a birth certificate, a car licence, or permission to visit Jordan. Filling out a standard "no obligations" form

— which now costs a staggering £40 — requires visits to the civil administration, to the municipality or local council, the tax office, to a Hebrew typist and back to the civil administration. When you have proved that all your taxes, rates and bills have been paid, that you are not wanted by the army or the Shin Beth security service, you finally get your permit — maybe only for a limited period.

"The point," says one harassed West Banker, "is to make people to go to every single government. department, and not just to pay

The war of stones and burning tyres that captured the imagination of the world at its peak from December to February has given way to more novel forms of resistance. Palestinians are still dying, especially in the villages, and now Jewish settlers are taking their toll and being treated leniently by the courts.

But the violence has become routine and it takes something especially shocking to jolt people out of their apathy. The ninemonth old baby girl who lost an eye because of a rubber bullet fired by a soldier in a Gaza refugee camp was one of these

Calls for civil disobedience and the severing of ties with the Israeli authorities have appeared in most of the leaflets issued by the clandestine, PLO-backed United National Leadership of the

tality, these ideas started to work. Self-help and economic independence are almost revolutionary concepts for the Palestinians. The Israelis are worried.

Intoxicated by their gains, the Palestinians tend to exaggerate what they have achieved. The ployees recently because of the seeds of organisation existed long before the intifada, but the dramatic events of the past six months have nourished them. The new craze for kitchen gardening has middle-class matrons hoeing barren patches of land and storing the produce for the hard times that everyone expects. Neighbourhood watch committees have brought communal solidarity to bourgeois areas as well as to refugee camps and lonely villages. Christian Bet Sahour, a prosperous satellite of Bethlehem, has emerged, like Ramallah, as a centre of the popular committees. Administrative detentions and

harassment have not stopped them. A new generation of Palestinian leaders is being forged in overcrowded prisons and in the harsh conditions of the, new detention camps at Dhahariya near Hebron and at Ketziot in the Negev desert.

"In the early days of the uprising the Palestinians had a serious problem because they were only getting messages through the underground leaflets," said a Western diplomat. "Now they've got very sophisticated local networks which are fairly substantial and at the same time nebulous enough to continue to exist. It means that people can quickly step forward to replace others who've been arrested. And I think it's this that gives them the false confidence that they can really set up an alternative system. They can't of course."

In their more realistic moments, most Palestinians agree. They know that the "alternative" education system that operated underground when the Israelis closed down all West Bank schools was one of the reasons that the authorities decided to re-open them this month. But they also know that a truly alternative system is not feasible.

Twenty-one years of occupation have created unbreakable ties of dependence on the Israeli

Uprising. After months of conf- economy. Fuel and raw materials doctors can be found in even the still have the upper hand. The rontations, mass arrests, and bru- have to come from across the old "green line."

Repeated strikes and the tightening of belts have taken their toll: Three of the bigger factories in the West Bank - small enterprises by Western standards have laid off most of their emeconomic crisis. An estimated 120,000 Palestinian breadwinners cannot stop working inside Israel. Attempts by the authorities to prevent money coming in from abroad have been largely successful.

Yet the advances of the past six months are undeniable. The network of volunteer medical relief committees, which existed long before the uprising, has progressed tremendously. Its barefoot

most remote villages, and a camclashes with the army.

External political changes have been impressive too. The convening of the Algiers summit, the new respect for the PLO and international awareness of the bringing. A decrease in civil Palestinian issue, the rapprochement between Yasser Arafat and bringing reductions in essential President Assad of Syria, and the services. Automatic referrals to strains in Israeli society are all of significance. But most sober stopped, Palestinians are aware that the intifada has not moved their occupiers as much as they would like to think. The coming election campaign in Israel seems likely to tine in the years before 1948. But

resignation of Palestinians servpaign to register potential blood ing with the Israeli police has not donors has already proved itself been followed by mass resigna-as working quickly and efficiently tions of the 18,000 Arabs emwhen there are casualties in ployed by the civil administra-

> A counter-argument is that the so-called "silent majority" will be cowed into submission by the hard times that the intifada is administration tax revenues is Israeli hospitals have already

Left-wing Israelis like to compare the situation of the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip to that of the Jews of Palesconfirm this view. The Israelis by 1938, when the British were intifada" - The Guardian -

putting up their concrete forts. the Jews had open and legat political institutions, trade unions, an underground army, youth movements and weapons factories to flesh out their nationalism.

"If the Israelis say that the Palestinians are tired," argues a leading supporter, "they are not wrong. But the Israelis are moretired than we are. I do believe that the uprising has taken on new forms. There is a deep belief that we must minimise our design pendence on the Israelis. We know we can't break it. In the popular committees, in the alternative systems, we are creating more awareness of the impossibility of being under occupation. This is the ingenuity of the

Iran has thriving trade with Dubai

By Mark Fisher

DUABI - In a bank on the Arab side of the Gulf a portrait of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini gazes sternly down from a wall at queueing Iranian traders and housewives.

Battered dhows bearing caviare, pistachio nuts and fruit from Iranian ports arrive at the waterfront nearby and load up with hi-fi sets and televisions for the eight-hour return trip.

Many of Iran's famed Persian carpets also make the journey across the war-torn Gulf to eager buyers in Dubai, either in limited quantities strictly licensed by Tehran — or as contraband. This bustling Arab trading cen-

tre's close ties with Tehran are a clear exception to anti-Iranian feelings in much of the Arab World. Most Arab states support Iraq in the bitter war with non-Arab

Iran which began in 1980, a year after the Islamic revolution swept Khomeini to power. "We enjoy excellent ties with the authorities here," Khomeini's

personal representative in Dubai. Hojatolesiam Sayyed Raza Borghai, told Reuters.

"Iranians have lived and traded here for generations. We have a special relationship.'

There are an estimated 80,000 customer. Shi'ite Muslim Iranians in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) out of a population of 1.6 million. They live mostly in Dubai, runbusinsses and banks.

"Fears in conservative Arab countries that Iran will export its revolution seem exaggerated here," said a Western diplomat. Channel for trade

"Iranians themselves are everywhere in Dubai, and where's the revolution? You couldn't find a more peaceful place.'

The war may have soured Tehran's relations with many Arab states but the dangerous Gulf sealanes have been a channel for surging trade between Iran and Dubai.

Scores of 30-metre dhows make the 50 to 80 mile journey from Iran's Bandar Abbas port and Kish Island duty free zone every week, braving waters where Iraqi jets and Iran's own gunboats have made navigation hazardous for merchant ships.

Dubai's imports from Iran rose to \$132 million last year from \$85 million in 1986, official figures many luxury goods towards the

Re-exports to Iran nearly doucountry easily Dubai's biggest running at below last year's with Iran.

Rice, sugar, electronic goods

and machinery from around the world - including American equipment for oil-fields — all find ning their own schools, mosques, their way to Iran through Dubai and the small neighbouring emirate of Sharjah.

Freight traffic at Dubai's main Port Rashid rose by almost 40 per cent last year, making it one of the world's 30 busiest ports, according to officials there.

Iran plays a big part in Dubai's ambitions to enlarge its role as an entrepot, diplomats say. It pledged early this year to set up a trade office at Dubai's Jebel Ali free zone to handle its exports to the UAE, which have grown more than 20-fold since the war began.

"Trade has risen quickly and I see no reason why the trend cannot continue," said Ahmed Al Banna, head of the commercial documentation department at the Dubai Chamber of Commerce.

Trade declining

But others are not so sure. The war has shattered Iran's economy and its leaders, anxious to conserve foreign exchange, raised import duties and shut out

end of last year. Trade with Dubai began to tail bled to \$355 million, making the off and merchants say it is still Iran Air, the only airline link-

ing Iran and Duhai, early this year began demanding payment. in dollars instead of Iranian rials for tickets out of Iran. The move amounted to a 10-.

fold price rise because of the dollar's high value on the black market. Flights to Dubai were cut to six per week from more than. 20 as demand for seats plummeted.

"The effect was felt at once in Dubai, where Iranians like to come on shopping sprees," a souk merchant said. "Many shops were hit hard and will have to seek new customers unless the Iranians come back."

In May, radicals seeking tighter government control of the economy won parliamentary elections in Iran and could curb imports by private companies, merchants said.

But trade with Iran often fluctuates wildly as import regulations change and many merchants are cautiously optimistic that last year's levels can be reached

Diplomats say Dubai's ties to other Arab states are a factor in its links with Tehran. Iraq, whose trade with the UAE is growing. has complained in the past about the level of emirates' commerce

ICRDANMARKET

CHEN'S



in Jordan 1st Circle Jabal Amman near Ahliyyah Giris School

Take away is available Open daily 12:00-3:30 6:30-Midnight Tel. 638968

MOVING? AIR CARGO?

CALL US ONLY WHEN YOU LOSE HOPE ON OTHERS.

THE FRIENDLY PROFESSIONAL

FOR ALL YOUR AND FREIGHT OUT OF AND IN TO JORDAN

ARAMEX AIR CARGO

慕堂餐廳 MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant The only typical Chinese

cuisine in Amman Chinese Flaming pot is available Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30 Wadi Saqra Road - near Traffic

Bridge Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

EVERY

DAY

PEOPLE WHO NEED

CLEANING

SERVICÉS:

CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and taste our

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 6:30 - Midnight

JORDAN HOME

Your single source

supplier of quality

general hardware,

products, paints,

cleaning products,

garden and maintenance

general tools,

kitchenware, campin

specialities

MAINTENANCE CENTRE

DLY

Authentic Chinese Food Korean Bar-B-Q **Charcoal Flaming Pot** Take-away service Open daily Noon - 3:30 p.m.

& 6:30 p.m. - midnight Location: Near 3rd Circle opposite Akilah Hospital Tel: 641093

CROWN

INTERNATIONAL

ESTABLISHMENT

packing, shipping,

storage, clearing,

Tel: 664090_660852

Tix: 22205 BESMCO JO P.O. Box 928487

AMMAN JORDAN

door-to-door service

forwarding,

CHINESE

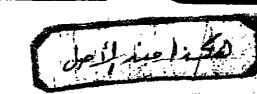
RESTAURANT

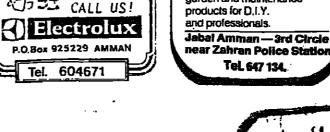
TAIWAN TOURISMO



Open Daily 12.30-3.30 pm After the Holiday Inn hotel Towards 3rd circle Tel:659519 659520







Regent briefs journalists

(Continued from page 1)

There has to be an Arab strategy which is yet to evolve," the Crown Prince said. During the summit "we spoke of economic support," he added, pointing out that Jordan "knows very well the price of the Israeli occupa-

He said the Algiers summit recognised Jordan as one channel of support to the Palestinian people in the occupied territories through its Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs and the Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs. He said other recognised channels of support were the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine refugees and the International Red Cross and Red Crescent organisations.

The Crown Prince referred to the creeping Israeli annexation of occupied Arab territories and warned that this problem could not be dealt with properly through gesture politics and philanthropy.

"We call for a comprehensive socio-economic plan for the occupied territories," he told journalists on the eve of the visit to Jordan of the Japanese foreign minister. He said Japan could play a constructive role in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the Middle East region once a apolitical solution was reached. Prince Hassan described Jordan as "the open Arab window" on the occupied territories, help-

ing fight the process of creeping annexation and transplantation of the Palestinian Arab population. He pointed out to forces within the Israeli political body calling for a Palestinian solution on Jordanian soil, an idea referred to as a "transfer of population."

He said that an economic and social package needs to be pre-

(Continued from page 1)

the development of Jordan's eco-

He pointed out that one of

Uno's achievements during his

two-day visit to the Kingdom was

agreement with Jordan on ways

to allocate \$140 million of a \$300

Masri said Japan's role in Mid-

dle East peace negotiations had

become stronger with Japan's

strong economic status in the

world and its role as one of the 15

members of the United Nations

Japan's increase in aid to de-

veloping countries "it has gained

an important political weight

through which it could effectively

help in the Middle East peace

Masri believed that Uno

"would relay Japan's view point

on the situation in the occupied

tion, Masri added, was identical

to the Jordanian and Arab posi-

Masri said that Japan's position

on the proposed Middle East

international conference "is very

clear. It calls for convening such a

conference according to the form suggested by the Arabs and supporting the PLO's (Palestine Li-

beration Organisation) parti-

foreign minister on a visit to the

University of Science and Technology Friday morning during which the president of the uni-versity briefed the visitors on the

history of the university and its

facilities. He also briefed the visi-

tors on the Middle East economy

in general and Jordan in par-

The Crown Prince also accom-

panied Uno on a visit to an army unit where the head of the unit explained the geographical,

strategic and economic import-

Uno is on a tour of the Middle

East which will also include a first

time visit by a Japanese foreign

According to Japanese Foreign

Ministry officials the visit is aimed at hearing the viewpoints

of concerned parties on the Middle East problem, and enable Japan to decide how it could

more actively involve itself in the

(Continued from page 1)

nothing had happened after-

The United States welcomed the Abu Sharif article. "We note

the constructive tone which the article conveys in general as well

as some positive points," State Department spokeswoman Phyl-

lis Oakley told reporters

"If the PLO is serious about

moderating its positions so as to

make a practical solution to the

peace process, it can do so in an authoritative way," she said.

"We have yet to see an authorita-

She declined to define what

"authoritative" meant, saying re-

porters should address this ques-

The Abu Sharif article said:

"We believe that all people — AP.

tive statement.

tion to the PLO.

Arafat willingto talk with U.S.

ance of Jordan.

minister to Israel.

wards.

The Regent took the Japanese

cipation in the conference.

tion on the problem.

territories to Israeli officials," Petra said. The Japanese posi-

Masri added that as a result of

Security Council.

process.

Mmillion loan pledge to Jordan by

пошу.

Uno ends visit to Jordan

pared for the occupied territories to support their resistance of Israeli plans, but not as an alternative to the recognition of the Palestinian right to self-deter-

"It is essential for the Palestiman Arab people to continue to be tied to their land. The continued Israeli violence and counterviolence, and the continued deprivation can only weaken their resolve," he added.

He said Israeli threats to force a Palestinian population transfer to Jordan should not be taken lightly: "It will be counterproductive to be alarmist about these threats, but it is also counterproductive to ignore them.' The Crown Prince praised

Japan's support for the Geneva accord on Afghanistan, saying the accord achieved three precedents of importance to the Middle East in terms of conflict re-

He said the accord achieved agreement on Soviet troops withdrawal from Afghanistan, the return of Afghan refugees and the recognition of the Afghan people's right to self-determination. He noted that there was a confluence between the three conflict areas - the Afghan problem, the Gulf war and the Arab-Israeli conflict.

"It is of extreme importance for us to see a drawing influence of Japan in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of these area, being developed commensurately

with its useful diplomatic role. He said Japan has the reputation and integrity in the Middle East and the diplomatic standing of great significance to a resolution of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

He added that the ongoing tour by Uno showed a growing Japanese interest and increasing engagement in the area.

Japan's policy on the Middle

East is similar to that of Jordan in

that it advocates withdrawal of

Israeli forces from all the territor-

ies the Zionist state occupied in

the 1967 war, including Jeru-

salem, and recognition of the

right to self-determination of the

Japan recognises the necessity

of PLO participation in peace

negotiations as a party to the

problem representing the Palesti-

nian people, but Japan falls short

of recognising the PLO as the

sole legitimate representative of

Uno and his wife were received

by Crown Prince Hassan and Her

Royal Highness Princess Sarvath

Thursday. Talks between the Re-

gent and Uno also covered rela-

tions and avenues for cooperation

Prince Hassan thanked Uno on

Japan's continuous efforts in supporting development in the

world, especially through Japan's

latest pledge to expand its econo-

mic aid to developing countries

die East problem figured high on

the agenda of the Western econo-

mic summit held in Toronto last

week. Uno said participating leaders praised His Majesty King

Hussein's efforts to reach a peaceful and just settlement to

the Arab-Israeli conflict and

Uno reaffirmed that the Mid-

from \$25 to \$50 billion.

Resolution 598.

and place.

and contribution to peace.

(Continued from page 1)

being operated on.

between Jordan and Japan.

the Palestinian people.

Palestinian people.



Few venture out to Beirut beaches these days after rumours spread that the sea-shore is polluted with

Clandestine group threatens Italy

BEIRUT (R) — A clandestine group has threatened to attack Italian interests and nationals if Rome did not take back chemical waste dumped in Lebanon.

An anonymous telephone caller claiming to speak for the "Organisation of Preserving the Lebanese Right" told an international news agency Thursday the group gave Italy a week to take the waste back.

"If the Italians do not take their waste back within one week all Italian embassies, interests and institutions will be hit violently and relentlessly. The Italian people will live in a state of ment.

LONDON (Agencies) — Britain

said Thursday it had agreed on

the timing for paying Iran nearly £1 million (\$1.75 million) to settle

compensation claims arising from

damage to embassies in both

"We have agreed on when to

make our payment to Iran and

that it will be made in three

installments," a Foreign Office

Britain has agreed to pay Iran £1.8 million (\$3.1 million) and

Iran will give Britain £900,000 pounds (\$1.57 million), leaving

Britain a balance of nearly £1

The Foreign Office spokesman

stressed: "The outcome of these

negotiations and any agreement

will have no wider significance for

the Iranian delegation's visit

could pave the way to normalis-

ing relations and help secure the

release of three British hostages

Middle East experts have said

U.K.-Iranian relations.

in London two weeks ago.

The two countries began talks

spokesman said.

million, to pay.

fear and terror," he said. Official sources said 2,411 tonnes of foul-smelling waste had been dumped in Lebanon since September.

The dumping forced Lebanese to flee the beaches and fishermen were worried about possible contammation.

Health Minister Joseph Al meeting an Italian expert sent to investigate the shipment of waste. the toxic material would be taken from Lebanon and dumped at a site in the Pacific Ocean with the help of the Italian govern-

for the release of hostages.

The Iranian news agency

IRNA reported Thursday that

the London talks had ended in

agreement and letters of under-

standing would be exchanged

some details remained unre-

solved and no date had been set

Britain's embasy in Tehran was

damaged by rioting in 1978 and

1979. Iran's mission in London

was ravaged by fire in 1980 when

British commandos stormed it to

free diplomats held hostage by

opponents of Iran's government.
Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey

Howe, adamantly opposing any

deal for the release of British

hostages in Lebanon, said Thurs-

in Anglo-Iranian diplomatic rela-

tions was up to Tehran.

day that any major improvement

Howe put a damper on rising

hopes that the recent Anglo-Ira-

nian contacts could lead to the

for an exchange of letters.

But the Foreign Office said

osed dump site.

last month to pay \$2.8 million to destroy a cargo of 2,000 tonnes of industrial waste in Italy after a year-long voyage aboard the Syrian-registered Zanoohia

Ministry spokesman said he was Hashem said Wednesday, after not aware of the threat but it would be normal practice for the Italian embassy to inform the ministry.

already in operation in Beirut and at other Italian missions as a matter of course.

U.K.-Iran talks make further strides to Tehran and negotiations for

Britain has repeatedly said it opposes any sort of deal with Iran the British hostages. At a luncheon of the Association of American Correspondents, he said this week's private visit of four British lawmakers to

> policy to Iran or the hostages. The parliamentary delegation, the first to visit Iran since the 1979 revolution, said Wednesday that Iran had agreed to use its influence to try to obtain the release of the British hostages. It urged Britain to post a diplomat

to Tehran. Mohammad Akhoond Zadeh Basti, Iran's charge d'affaires in London, said Wednesday night he was "very optimistic" that the improvement in Anglo-Iranian relations could lead to the release of Terry Waite, the Anglican envoy, journalist John McCarthy and teacher Brian Keenan.

He did not identify the prop-

The Italian government agreed

Local authorities asked villa-In Rome, an Italian Foreign gers to report the names of missing relatives and friends to a special rescue commission, the news agency said. The agency said a 32-member

team of West German volunteers "Security precautions are arrived Friday with 18 dogs trained to sniff out buried vic-

The worst slide sent mud and rock roaring down the mountainside onto at least three houses, four stores, a restaurant, a high school and a crowded coffeehouse, according to news agency reports.

Catak village president Riza Yavuz was quoted as telling Turkish newspapers he had warned the public works ministry of a Tehran had not changed Britain's landslide threat in the area. where a major highway construction project is underway, but got no response.

> ed up at the village waiting for workers to clear an earlier mud slip that had blocked the highway when the massive slide hit the

Cars and buses had been back-

"This is doomsday," people shouted as they fled from the torrent of earth and rocks, witnesses said.

"There was a big roar and then everything disappeared." recalled 70-year-old villager Hamit

At least 100 remain buried in debris

New landslides block **Turkish rescue efforts**

ANKARA (Agencies) - New land- nes of mud and debris that crashed slides Friday halted a search for about into a mountain village in northeastern 100 people believed buried under ton- Turkey Thursday.

Soon after rescue teams started

Anatolia news agency said.

Catak village in Trabzon pro-

vince, about 800 kilometres from

Ankara and not far from the

Turkish newspapers Friday re-

ported death tolls ranging be-

tween 50 and 200. They said five

buses and two trucks were buried

The radio said there were re-

ports of villagers hearing people

crying for help from beneath the

beneath tonnes of mud.

Black Sea.

It was breakfast time and the

work at 7:30 a.m. (0430 GMT), cafes were packed. The liberal daily Milliyet said rocks began tumbling down the mountainside, hitting a truck and some people told of being borne on "huge sea waves," of mud and slightly injuring the driver, the dumped into a nearby creek. Only one body has been reco-Only one body was recovered

vered so far, officials said. Thursday before torrential rain Officials said they could not be set off fresh mudslides that delayed rescue efforts overnight. precise on the number missing. Initially they put the figure at 150 Radio reports said 31 people were injured in the disaster in feared dead.

The Red Crescent relief organisation, the Turkish equivalent of the Red Cross, said up to 300

may have been killed. At least 18 people were treated for injuries at field hospital set up near the village.

Television reports said the landslides caused a river to flood the village and showed footage of houses under water. Trees and lampposts had been knocked to the ground and some vehicles

were buried under soil. "It happened all at once after a noise that sounded like thunder. Turan Alemdar, a truck driver who witnessed the disaster, was quoted as saying by the independent Hurriyet news agency. "The rocks swept away everything in a

second. Zeki Ilhan told the Anatolia news agency: "I saw the moun-tain coming over me and started running away."

Dukakis rejects Jackson call

FALL RIVER, Massachusetts (Agencies) — Likely Democratic presidential nominee Michael Dukakis Thursday rejected rival Jesse Jackson's call for a Palesti-

"No. Of course not," the Massachusetts governor said when asked if he supported Jackson's position which has been adopted

by several state Democratic parties at the urging of Jackson The issue could become a diviexist within its borders," Dukakis sive issue next month at the party said. "I'm going to do everything

tion will be chosen. Speaking to reporters. Dukakis rejected proposals that the party statement of policies and principles endorse a Palestinian state. The proposal will be considered during party talks this weekend and could be the subject of a floor fight at the convention.

"I support direct negotiations between Israel and its neighbours and responsible Palestinians who... recognise Israel's right to convention in Atlanta, where the I can as president to create an Democratic candidate for the environment in which these dis-November U.S. presidential elec- cussions can take place."

Trinket seller detained in Coptic monastery fire

CAIRO (R) - Prosecutors have tival at the walled Al Muharraq ordered a trinket seller detained monastery near Assiut 400 after reports that a fire which kilometres south of Cairo. Many killed 48 pilgrims in southern of the victims were children tram-Egypt started in his tent.

As investigations continued reported that a new-born girl had been found alive among the debris hours after firemen brought the flames under control.

It said hospital staff were looking after the unclaimed baby. Her condition was not known.

The blaze destroyed about 300 a handcart overturned when its

pled to death. State prosecutors remanded

into blaze which broke out early trinket seller Sabri Girgis Shehata Wednesday, Al Messa newspaper in custody for four days after survivors said the blaze began in his tent.

Al Messa quoted Shehata as saying the fire started in a nearby tent and spread to his. Witnesses told the newspaper

the death toll was so high because tents of Christian and other pil-grims celebrating a religious fes-the only exit.

early return of a British diplomat held in Lebanon.

PIRAEUS (AP) — A Palestinian was convicted here Wednesday possession and import into Greece.

Greece jails Arab for 3 years

and sentenced to three years in jail for driving a car containing arms and explosives aboard an Israel-bound ferry. The firstinstance court in this Athens port city found Omar Mohammad Soffareny, 41, a West German citizen, guilty of illegal weapons

With water&ice stressed the need to support Jordan in that endeavour. Prime Minister Rifai briefed ..and some one Uno on Jordan's position on the Middle East problem. Rifai also expressed Jordan's appreciation of Japan's underyou care for. standing of the Arab position, especially on the proposed Middle East peace conference. Rifai also outlined Jordan's position on the Iran-Iraq war and emphasised the need to put an end to the conflict through implementing United Nations Security Council In a press conference held Thursday, the Japanese Foreign Ministry's director of Middle East affairs, Zenji Kaminaga, said Uno's tour was part of an effort to expand the economic superpower's global role on the basis of economic aid, cultural exchanges Kaminaga said Uno wanted to meet with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat during his tour but as yet had been unable to find a time Jews and the Palestinians included - have the right to run their own affairs." It was issued after the Arab summit in Algiers. Settlers open fire army jeeps were parked at the hospital's main gate and four soldiers and two Israeli "security" agents were standing outside the room where Sharawneh was Sharif Jabri, a Palestinian on the board of trustees at Hebron's Islamic University, said tension had been on the rise recently in Hebron and the stabbing attack should not come as a surprise. "As long as there is no solution to our problem, no one will be able to stop such attacks," he told the

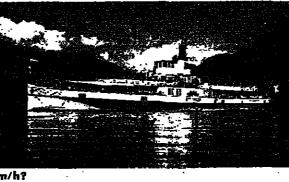
How fast would you like your Swiss summer vacation?

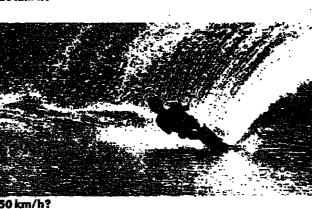












For information and reservation please contact Swissaur, phone 029831.



We'll fly you to this summer paradise at over 800 km/h and with superb service. From then on, you can take life however slowly or quickly you like. Full details of the enormous variety of Swiss vacations are in our brochure "Switzerland and the Alpine World", available from Swissair or any IATA travel agent.

علدًا صد الأحل

Syrian economy begins recovering

DAMASCUS (R) — Six months after sweeping government changes and a crackdown on corruption, Syria's economy is showing its first signs of pulling out of a deep crisis.

cabinet team to boost the private sector, increase oil output and reform agriculture is beginning to pay dividends.

Syria went through a very difficult period... at times it was difficult for them to find enough hard currency to import some of their basic needs," said one di-

"But it looks as though things are now improving."

Pro-Soviet Syria, for years of rigid, centrally-controlled economy, remains beavily dependent on foreign aid.

According to statistics compiled by the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS), it is saddled with military debt to Moscow and other Eastern Bloc states totalling \$15 to \$19 billion in 1986. Deepening involvement in the

Lebanese civil war and deployment of troops in Beirut is costing millions of dollars. Diplomats said defence spending was a constant drain on the

budget as President Assad vows

to achieve strategic parity with Israel. There are still sporadic shortages of tea and coffee on the streets of Damascus and the bankers in the Middle East have

been concerned over arrears on payments to the World Bank. But an economics ministry spokesman told Reuters; 'Arrears to the World Bank were

paid up in the last few days." Early this year the trade surplus moved into the black for the first time in several years, oil production is rising and the wheat barvest could be five times higher

than in 1987. Diplomats say a turning point was Assad's decision to dismiss his government last November after two ministers were censured in parliament for corruption and

mismanagement. A new team headed by Prime Minister Mahmoud Zu'bi, an agricultural engineer, launched a campaign to reform the inefficient agricultural sector and

stamp out corruption. Scores of officials, including some high-level bureaucrats and managers of state-run factories, have been sacked and others jailed pending trial for mismanagement

and dishonesty. The Syrian lira, one of the most

The correct choice is always the

SAFEST

Round the clock — 10 hours a day

always at your service

GRAND PRIX TIRE CENTER

BAYADER WADI EL-SEER INDUSTRIAL ZONE

TEL: 824430

Your car is as valuable to us as it is to you

GRAND PRIX TIRE CENTER

serve's your car

Wheel alignment front and rear.

Off and on car wheel balancing

all machines are computerized

Tire changing and paching

We sell all sizes of passenger and

light trucks tires as well as

a large variety of alloy wheels

DOLLING ASSA

Diplomats said a campaign by economic crisis, has staged a re-President Hafez Al Assad's new covery on the black market and now changes hands, illegally, at 32 to 36 to the dollar compared with a 45 to 55 in recent months.

> A clamp-down on currency smuggling has also enabled the government to adjust its official "encouragement rate" — so-called since it is designed to encourage Syrians not to use the black market — to 20 liras to the dollar

Official published figures are scarce in Damascus, but a senior Syrian banker said the trade balance showed a surplus of 212 million liras (\$18.8 million) in the

first two months of the year. Oil industry sources said oil production was expected to rise to 250,000 barrels per day from 150,000 last year, while the Omar field discovered in eastern Syria last year is due to bring another 100,000 barrels on stream in

This year's wheat harvest is expected to yield 3.5 million tonnes after just 700,000 in 1987 following good rainfall - snow fell on the desert for the first time in 50 years — and a drive to increase the acreage under cultivation.

That will save an estimated \$200 million in scarce hard currency on imports otherwise needed to meet Syria's annual consumption of 1.5 million

tonnes. Production of barley and other cereals is expected to more than double, while another important crop, cotton, should yield more as the growing area is increased by 40 per cent.

In a bid to increase industrial output, private factories have been allowed to keep 75 per cent of their export earnings to buy spare parts and President Assad has directed the government to provide incentives to the private

But diplomats said the major problem remained the constant drain on finances from the defence budget, estimated by the IISS at \$15.5 billion liras last year.

That is the equivalent of \$1.4 billion at the official exchange rate for government transactions and made up 37 per cent of the total budget.

Foreign aid will contribute little to financing of this year's planned 50 billion liras (\$4.4 billion) total obvious casualties of a protracted budget expenditure.

Industrial, services sectors top Jordan's priorities for growth

The following is the fourth and last article on Jordan's economic potential published by the Asian Wall Street Journal to coincide with a visit by a Jordanian delegation, headed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to Japan

IORDAN, strategically located ment of Investment Law by between Europe and Asia, has a adding more tax holidays and resilient economy which ranks other benefits. fourth in terms of growth performance among all developing cultural base, the government is now giving top priority to industrial growth and to expansion of its attractive prices for long periods potentially vital services sector.

The country's five-year plan for 1986-1990 calls for private and mixed-sector investment of JD 1.48 billion (\$4.29 billion), or 48 per cent of the total. In the past, private investment was concenconstruction, but the government is hoping 80 per cent of private plan will go into commodity pro-

duction. The target of five per cent annual growth set in the plan is considered too ambitious by some economists. The 1986 rate of around 2.4 per cent is now considered acceptable, given regional and international conditions.

Multifaceted program

In 1983, a slowdown in Jordanian economic activity was triggered by the drop in oil prices and the resulting recession in oil-exporting countries in the Gulf.

The cuts in traditionally substantial aid to Jordan from Arab Gulf states are not expected to be restored in the near future, and the previous rapid growth in remittances from Jordanian workers in the Gulf has slacked off, but the decline in this important source of foreign exchange and the drop in Jordan's exports to the neighbouring Arab countries appear to have been arrested.

To deal with the continuing slowdown in the economy, the Jordanian government has embarked on a multifaceted programme to stimulate new business activity and attract more domestic and foreign private investment. To realise the country's substantial potential as a regional engineering/accounting/management services centre and a gateway to regional markets, the government is seeking to expand economic cooperation and joint ventures with technologically advanced countries, such as Japan, the U.S. and members of

the European Community. "One important characteristic of Jordan's economy is its ability to adjust and meet new demands," says Ziad Fariz, secretary-general of the Ministry of

"We have increased incentives offered to foreign and domestic companies under our Encourage-

_ufthansa

OFFICE FOR SALE

Lusthiansa German Airlines would like to sell one of its

compound, Jabal Amman (area 47.8 sq.m. If interested,

FRENCH COURSES

Registration is now open at the French Cultural Centre for the following French courses:

COURSES FOR CHILDREN — ALL LEVELS

On Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

and Saturday from 8 a.m. till 12 noon.

A film festival for children will take place

INTENSIVE COURSES FOR ADULTS — ALL

LEVELS (afternoon)

Beginning of classes: June 26, 1988

End of classes: August 4, 1988

Each lesson will last one hour.

during this period.

offices located at Jordan Intercontinental Hotel

and for any further information, please call tel .:

FRENCH CULTURAL

We offer foreign investors income tax and real estate tax and developed countries. Its eco- exemptions for periods ranging nomic performance has been sur- from five to 15 years, depending passed only by Singapore, South on the location of the project, Korea and Hong Kong in recent and full exemptions from tariff years. With a well-developed agriduties for capital goods and raw materials," Fariz says,

Land may be leased at very for approved projects, he adds.

High investment ratio

The investment ratio in Jordan is one of the highest among developing countries. The ratio of total investment to the gross trated on trade, transport and domestic product is between 30 per cent and 35 per cent, a little lower than in the late 1970s and investment under the current early 1980s, but still high in proportion to the size of the economy, Fariz points out.

During the economic adjustment process under way since 1985, the underlying strength of the economy has been demonstrated by its ability to sustain a

positive growth. Fariz says this is reflected in the two per cent to three per cent growth rates experienced in 1985 gures are in." This gives Jordan an edge over other countries in the area which have had a negative growth rate in the same

Other economists note that Jordan's achievement of one of the highest rates of growth among developing nations in the 1965-1985 period occurred despite the setbacks inflicted by the Arab-Israeli conflict, especially the demographic burden following the 1967 conflict with Israel when a flood of people from the West Bank flowed into Jordan creating the need for many new jobs.

Jordan's pragmatic political leadership, headed by His Majesty King Hussein, has long encouraged the development of human resources with special emphasis on high-quality education, and this policy has contributed to the country's solid growth, performance and the creation of what is probably the most highly trained and skilled work force in the

Facing difficulties

However, Jordan now faces economic difficulties including rising unemployment, a drop in the level of foreign exchange reserves and a budget deficit. But accumulating debt from Iraq (a major trading partner) has been eased by special barter trade and credit arrangements to sustain exports of agricultural and manufactured products. Losses by the important potash industry in 1987, due to slack demand and low prices world-wide, have been halted, and this year contracts are in hand for all production.

The government is coping with the unemployment situation with short-term retraining programmes designed to create better matches between professionals and job requirements, and further improvement in the quality of education as a longer-term

Also, new investment will mean more jobs for Jordanians. growth rates experienced in 1985 "We are using economic policy to and 1986 and "similar growth is stimulate job creation, rather expected for 1987 when the fi-than administrative measures," explains Fariz.

> He believes Jordan has a comparative advantage, given its abundance of well-educated men and women, to become a regional services centre which will offer expertise in such areas as the information and maintenance industries, software and computer services, engineering designs, consulting and management skills, financial and business specialists and marketing.

> Already, there is a strong Arab. services link; 80 per cent of export proceeds of services come from Arab states.

Jordan's long-term policy objectives also give top priority to industrial development, and at the end of 1987 industry began emerging as the strongest sector in the economy.

List of pluses

Hamdi Tabbaa, minister of industry and trade, says: "We believe we have the infrastructure. geographical position, political stability, policies to encourage investment and good bilateral relations with Arab countries and the European market to give a big boost to our industrial de-

Jordan is one of the largest exporters world-wide of potash and phosphate. Downstream chemical industries to be located in the Dead Sea area with its plentiful minerals for such ventures. are under study. And the country has many other natural resources still untapped, such as copper, manganese, natural gas and oil recently discovered, oil shale, tar sands, and dolomite.

"This is the year of standardisation in Jordanian industry. We have to have high quality and high standards for our products, and imports will also have to meet these standards," Tabbaa said. "In terms of exports, we might not have the cheapest goods, but we believe we can be competitive on a quality basis. This is our main concern.'

Jordanian labour costs, which tend to be high, are mitigated somewhat by the fact that non-Jordanians make up about onefourth of total domestic manpower. The more moderate salaries of these foreign workers tend to keep the cost structure in check.

The government is keen to develop medium-size, high-tech industries. Tabbaa terms expanded use of computers "essential." and said all computers have been exempted from customs duties. "We want our children to learn to live with computers the way they have with pencils and rulers in the past, taking them for

tional air express industry in the ment details. Middle East. For DHL, courier operations today entail having its own planes, maintaining extensive computer logging of shipments employing advanced technology and introducing laser-read ments. encoding systems.

For the customer, this technoland secure service where they can rest assured that shipments entrusted to DHL are in safe, reliable hands.

DHL's most recent innovation in Jordan is a hand-held computer which is being used by the company's couriers. Called "a laserscanner," this computer is

AMMAN - New technology is capable of reading the bar code DHL's manager for Jordan, Marchanging the shape of the interna- on airwaybills to record consign-

Laserscanners improve DHL efficiency

Additional customer and delivery information for outbound and inbound shipments is also entered into the scanners' 128k memory for outbound and inbound ship-

Once entered, this shipment information is transmitted direct ogy translates into a fast, efficient into DHL's lasernet computer confirmation system. This unique computer system keeps a watch on the status of all consignments from pick-up to final delivery as they pass through the DHL worldwide network.

Together, the laserscanners and the lasernet system enable DHL customer service operators to answer customer enquiries. At the touch of a button they can find out the status of a shipment: Where it is, when it 34 in Saudi Arabia where the was delivered, and who signed for

"Laserscanners are the latest example of how DHL employs state-of-the-art technology to enable us to offer our customers the best possible service," explains tin Phillips.

"Companies use air express because of what they know they gain in moving documents or parcels quickly from one place to another," says Phillips. "Very often the key phrase is time sensitive," he adds. "If a docuther it he a co tender, banking instrument; or a larger shipment such as a sparepart, electronic computer equipment or industrial sample, needs to be in a certain place by a specific date than air express is essential."

DHL, was the first air express company to recognise the potential of the Middle East, setting up an office in Bahrain in 1976. There are now 67 offices in 15 countries in the region, including company operates in sole associa-tion with SNAS Trading and Contracting. Worldwide, DHL has a network of 850 offices in more than 170 countries, the most comprehensive of any air express company.

VOLKSWAGEN BUS

9 seats, Mod. 1983, excellent condition DUTY NOT PAID, JD 2,200

Please cail 642675, after 2 p.m.

VISIT OR CALL

Jordan express co.

Packing, crating, storage, customs clearance, shipping by air-sea-land Police Academy Street - Abdall 662722/662723 Amman - Jordan

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

U.S. dollar One Sterling 1.7435/45 Canadian dollar 1.2035/45 One U.S. dollar Deutschemarks 1.7955/65 Dutch guilders 2.0240/50 Swiss francs 1.4900/10 Belgian francs 37.58/63 French francs 6.0460/90 Italian lire 1332/1333 Japanese yen 129.80/90 Swedish crowns 6.2050/2100 Norwegian crowns 6.4940/90 Danish crowns 6.8200/50

446.10/446.50

One ounce of gold

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

U.S. dollars

SYDNEY — The share market fell to its lowest close of the week on nervous selling, as an early slump in the resource sector spread to leading industrials. The All Ordinaries Index fell 27.8 to

TOKYO - Share prices closed mixed in active trading after limited bargain-hunting, but a mood of caution about the dollar hung over the market. The Nikkei Index gained 17.46 to 27,750.39.

HONG KONG - Prices closed slightly lower after a day of active two-way trading. The Hang Seng fell 4.68 to 2,707.56.

SINGAPORE - Share prices recovered some of their early losses sparked by profit-taking and closed mixed. The Straits Times Industrial Index fell 0.75 to 1,082.69.

BOMBAY — Share prices were hit by nervous selling after reports

that Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi was preparing a cabinet reshuffle. Brokers said the market feared populist measures to recover ground lost in recent by-election setbacks.

FRANKFURT — Shares staged a sudden late rally to close slightly higher as a power rise in siemens transformed a dull pre-weekend session. The Commerzbank Index, calculated at mid-session, fell 7.6 to 1,430.8.

ZURICH — The market closed mixed on fairly high turnover. The Swiss Index slipped 1.6 to 875.1 but dealers said the underlying tone was still positive.

PARIS — Prices ended 1.5 per cent firmer in active trading despite an hour's halt for the fourth bomb scare in a week.

LONDON — Equities were lower in late trading midway through the two-week account. The slightly firmer opening on Wall Street had little impact. At 1430 GMT the FTSE 100 share index was down 5.5 at 1,873.4.

NEW YORK — Stocks slipped after blue chip issues erased early gains sparked by the dollar's continued advance. The Dow was down seven at 2,141 around mid-morning.

FOR SALE

Second hand house furniture in a very good

For further information contact 671640 Amman.

SALON PETRA

English + German training.

Hair styling, facials cosmetics, manicure, pedicure, hair removal.

Tel 685248 by appointment only Daheyat Al Hussein opposite post office

FOR RENT

A pleasant ground floor 225-square metre villa with excellent finishing, in Al-Jubelha across the road from the Ministry of Higher Education, has separate entrance, heating system, solar water heating, utilities and private garden.

For further details please call (06-844962)



ARABIAN FOOT CARE CENTRE (CHIROPODY) The centre removes the dry, dead skin piled

on the foot. Treats coms in their different and difficult forms and gets rid of them without pain.

Tel: 677420

Straightens fingernails that grow in the skin unnaturally. Puts artificial nails instead of the broken ones. Treats athletes feet with special herbs and ointments.

Uses special cushions and mattresses for foot and nail

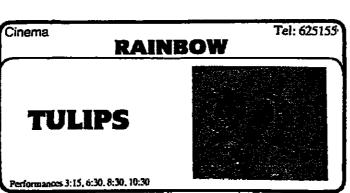
Cares for the beauty of the nails and feet by special

Amman, Jabai Al Hussein / Al Razi St. 95 / across De La Salle Office Hours: 10 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Tel. 653870 Throughout the week including Fridays.

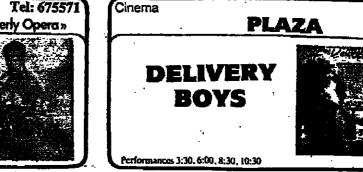


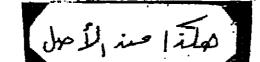
AMERICAN EXPRESS

Welcome









SPORTS IN BRIEF

Aigner elected UEFA secretary general

MUNICH, West Germany (R) — Gerhard Aigner of West Germany has been elected secretary general of the European Football Union (UEFA) in place of Swiss Hans Bangerter, who retires after 29 years in the post at the end of the year. Aigner, 45, a former amateur player, referee and youth coach, has headed UEFA's competition department since 1973.

Hughes returns to Manchester United

LONDON (R) — Welsh international striker Mark Hughes Thursday completed a £1.5 million (\$2.6 million) transfer from Barcelona back to English first division club Manchester United. Hughes, 24, left Old Trafford two years ago in a ill-fated £1.8 milion (\$3.2 million) move to Spain, and played much of last season on loan at Bayern Munich. After signing a five-year contract, Hughes said he was glad to be back after his time abroad and looked forward to playing alongside Scottish international striker Brian McClair, top scorer in the first division last year.

Robson charged for drink-driving

MANCHESTER, England (R) — England soccer captain Bryan Robson was charged Thursday with two drink-driving offences, police said. Robson, 31, who led the national side eliminated from the European Championships last week, underwent a breath test at a motorway service station near his Manchester home. A police spokeswoman said he had been charged with being in charge of a car while unfit through drink and with failing to provide a urine specimen for analysis. Robson, alone in his blue Jaguar saloon when stopped, was bailed until Aug. 1 to appear before a magistrates' court in this northern city.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

ें उद्

(ii

1

÷ .

.

 \mathcal{F} in

:**:::**:

3 15

7° N

IZ

7: 5

)\$.

...

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you ∇AJ83 ◊AJ762 ⊕184 **₽72** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 17 Pass Pass

What do you bid now? A.—Obviously, you are going to raise hearts, and you can get to the right level by a process of elimination. You do not have quite enough to raise to game, but are too strong for a simple raise. That leaves the invitational jump to three hearts, which fits your hand perfectly.

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you ±J762 ♥83 0Q543 ±AQ10 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South

Dbl Pass What do you bid now? A .- Partner doesn't guarantee four cards in each major suit with this double, so we would rule out three spades in favor of three no trumpafter all, the main feature of your hand is your holding in clubs. Had you been sitting behind, rather than under the opener, we would strongly

Q.3-Neitlier vulnerable, as South **★AK7** ♥ KQ6 ♦95 **★**KQ1093 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

recommend a pass for a sure profit.

What do you bid now? A.—It seems automatic to iump to for that action. The upper limit for a jump raise is about 16 points, and this hand evaluates to 19 or 20 in support of clubs. To describe this powerful hand properly, South must improvise with his first response. Bid one heart, to be followed by a jump in clubs at the next turn. Once the trump suit has been set. South can conduct a cue-bidding sequence to probe for slam. not without risk, because

should North hold four hearts, he

mit. However, there is Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South you ♥K63

might keep correcting to the major

4 J10732 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pess 1 4 Pass 3 NT Pass What action do you take?

A.— While you do not like playing no trump with a void in partner's suit, you were not invited back into the auction. In modern methods partner is showing a long, solid club suit with a smattering of outside controls. With what you bring, the no trump game should be a cinch and there is no guarantee that you have a better contract anywhere. That is also true if he has a balanced

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **±** KQ8752 ♥**K87** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

Pass 3 NT Pass

What action do you take?

A:- This situation is not analagous to the previous one. Here, partner has promised 16-18 points and 4-3-3-3 distribution. If he does not have too much of his values in diamonds, you could have a slam in one of two suits. Start investigating by bidding your second suit.

Q.6-As South, vainerable, you

±Q74 ♥853 ♦J872 **±742** Partner opens the bidding with two no trump. What action do you take? A .- Even if your range for an opening bid of two no trump is 22-24 you should pass. While 26 points is usually enough for game at no trump, that is so only if there is transportation between the hands. Here you might be entryless, so partner will always have to be leading from his own hand, which greatly lessens its offensive possibilities.

Worthy triggers Lakers to grab **NBA** title

INGLEWOOD, California (AP) — The Los Angeles Lakers, led by James Worthy's 36 points, held off the Detroit Pistons 108-105 Tuesday night and became the first team in 19 years to repeat as National Basketball Association (NBA)

The Lakers, who trailed 52-47 at halftime, hit their first 10 shots of the third quarter on the way to a 15-point lead, then held off a furious rally by the Pistons in the final 12 minutes.

Byron Scott scored 12 of his 21 points during the Lakers' 23-7 raily in the third period, which spanned the first 6:25 of the second half and gave Los a 19-39 lead. Scott capped the spurt with a 3-point goal. Angeles a 79-59 lead. Scott

The Lakers led 94-79 with 7:24 left before the Pistons ral-

Vinnie Johnson had three baskets and John Salley five points as Detroit used a 17-4 spart to close within 98-96 with

The Pistons got within two on two other occasions before Magic Johnson hit a free throw to make it 103-100.

LONDON (R) — English cham-

pions Liverpool, the football

league's top crowd-pullers last

season, kick-off their 1988-89

programme at Charlton.

The full league programme,

published Friday, produced its usual interesting first-day pair-

ited have a home start against

Queen's Park Rangers, while

Football Association (F.A.) Cup

holders Wimbledon entertain

Arsenal and Tottenham Hotspur

manager Terry Venables looks to

GENERAL TENDENCIES: To-

day's full moon might engender a very active period indeed, and it is

mportant to make sure that the energy remains productive. Be sensitive of the feelings of others, and try to minimize your own

potential to get hurt.
ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't

let embitions get the better of you this morning. Steer clear of elders

with radically different ideas.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
Give others the benefit of the doubt
in financial matters whenever feasible, but be cautious with business.

Spend time with a close friend this

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
Steer clear of colleagues who act
strangely. Contact a financial expert after kunch. Use tact with an
irate associate.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul. 21) Put aside routine for a while, and take care of personal af-fairs. Examine causes of anxiety.

Surround yourself with as many friends as possible. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Cut

down on time and money spent on pleasure, work to increase in-

timacies. Show that you appreciate

Runners-up Manchester Un-

Liverpool to play Charlton

start his team's revival against 500 games for Derby.

YOUR HOROSCOPE

From the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1988

Masur ends McEnroe's Wimbledon comeback

LONDON (Agencies) - John straight-set victories and new-McEnroe was left beaten, broken and bitter when his Wimbledon comeback floundered amid typical controversy Thursday.

A cruel caricature of the genius of old, McEnroe's spirit was quashed by a disputed line call at a crucial stage of his second-set tiebreak against Australian Wally Masur, who went on to win the second-round encounter 7-5, 7-6,

Serving at 2-1 in the tiebreak, McEnroe hit a forehand volley which the linesman called out though slow motion television pictures appeared to show the ball landing plumb on the line.

West German umpire Rudi Berger refused to overrule the decision despite the three-time former champion's pleadings which were almost touching in their intensity and courtesy.

From that moment on, McEnroe strove desperately to keep his shots and emotions under control, but finally cracked in the seventh game of the third set when he was warned for racket abuse after another close call went against him.

McEnroe, seeded eighth, was one of three seeds to go out on the fourth day of the 102nd championships, though the departures of 11th seeded Swede Anders Jarryd and number 13 seed Emilio Sanchez of Spain were less dramatic and unexpected.

Old-timers Martina Navratiloca and Jimmy Connors posted

Everton are at home to New-

castle and promotion duo Aston

Villa and Millwall are also in

Middlesbrough manager Bruce Rioch will return to familiar terri-

tory on opening day, Aug. 27, when he takes his promoted side

to his former club Derby County.

Todd were key members of Der-

by's title winning side in 1974-75,

Todd having already collected a

championship medal in 1971-72. Between them they played over

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Treat those you live with kindly, and enjoy hobbies with good

friends at night. Get your personal affairs nicely in order after lunch. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) In

writings and trips, be tactful.

Socialize in the evening. Dress nice-

ly and work on a new friendship.

It's not the best time to start a new

Go shopping instead. A new contact can bring good ideas. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) Prepare for a vital day in

business. Finish personal duties.
The evening will be delightful.
Energy and health are high.
CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Don't permit a private anxiety to interfere with responsibility. Your mood will improve in afternoon, and

the evening should be nice.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

Time spent with friends is not the

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Both Rioch and coach Colin

opposition.

comer Jim Grabb recorded the biggest upset so far at Wimbledon Thursday.

Another veteran, fourthseeded Chris Evert, struggled before winning. Third-seeded Pam Shriver won, too, finally getting an easy victory despite suffering from mononucleosis.

Navratilova, seeking a record ninth Wimbledon singles title and seventh in a row, breezed by American Elly Hakami 6-2, 6-1. Connors, a two-time Wimbledon champ, beat 18-year-old Jason Stoltenberg of Australia 7-6, 6-3, 6-3. Stoltenberg was 2 years old when Connors first played on the grass courts of the All England

Grabb, a collgiate champion at Stanford and playing at Wimbledon for just the second year, eliminated 11-seeded Anders Jarryd of Sweden 3-6, 7-6, 6-0 in the second round.

Also knocked out of the tournament was 13th-seeded Emilio Sanchez of Spain, a 7-6, 6-3, 3-6, 0-6, 6-1 loser to Petr Korda of Czechoslovakia. Evert, a three-time Wimbledon

champ, beat Christina Singer of West Germany 6-4, 3-6, 6-3. Singer had Evert in trouble with a slice backhand and drop shots and drop volleys that died on the low-bouncing court. Singer held a 2-1 lead after an

exchange of breaks in the third set, before errors by the West German allowed Evert to win three consecutive games at love for a 4-2 lead. The 33-year-old American broke for the match at

Shriver, a semifinalist a year ago who struggled through a three-set first-round victory, had an easy time in beating Svetlana Parkhomenko of the Soviet Union 6-3, 6-4.

The men's third seed, Stefan Edberg of Sweden, also advanced with a 6-3, 7-6, 5-7, 6-2 victory over Richey Reneberg of the United States

In other second-round matches, ninth-seeded Miloslav Mecir of Czechoslovakia beat Alexander Volkov of the Soviet Union 6-2, 6-4, 6-4 and 16th-seeded Slobodon Zivojinovic of Yugoslavia beat American John Ross 6-4, 6-4, 6-4.

Fatigue could undermine Dutch technique in today's European soccer final

MUNICH, West Germany (Agencies) - Fatigue may decide the destination of the European Championship Saturday when The Netherlands try to banish memories of their 1974 and 1978 World Cup final defeats by beating the Soviet Union.

Although both teams have played four demanding matches in the last 13 days, the Dutch have enjoyed an extra day's recovery since their semifinal triumph over West Germany Tuesday. But it is the Soviet players are likely to be the fittest and strongest when it counts.

Unlike most of the Dutchmen. who have slogged through a ninemonth season at club and international level, the Russians, inaugural winners of the title in 1960, have been playing only since March when their new domestic season began. The previous campaign ended last November.

Furthermore, their analytical coach Valery Lobanovsky has programmed their preparations to ensure they reached peak physical condition for the semifinal and final. Their sheer overpowering of Italy 2-0 Wednesday was no accident and will further strengthen the psychological advantage gained from their 1-0 preliminary group victory over the Dutch in Cologne on June 12.

The aggressive approach led to three more cautions for the Russians, doubling their tally of tournament bookings. Only two Dutchmen have received yellow

The Netherlands, by contrast, have been taken to the limit twice already - by the Irish in an opening group match they won 1-0 with eight minutes to spare and by West Germany, against whom Marco van Basten scored the winner in the 89th minute of their semifinal.

while Dynamo Kiev, who supply ly 2-0 in a bruising confrontation 11 members of the squad, were at the rainswept Neckarstadion. eliminated from the European Cup in an early round, The Netherlands' principal clubs PSV Eindhoven and Ajax reached last striker Oleg Protasov sealed the month's finals of the Cham-Russians' first final appearance pions' and Cup Winners' Cup respectively.

Both teams, who supply 10 of the Dutch squad, looked jaded then and it is no great surprise that Roud Gullit, who was expected to confirm himself in ichel Platini's former role as the Prince of European Soccer, has admitted to battle fatigue after inspiring AC Milan to the Italian

Championship.
Thankfully for the Dutch, their two most effective players Frank Rijkaard and four-goal top scorer Van Basten are fresh after missing most of the season through injury and, in Rijkaard's case, a protracted dispute with Johan Cruyff, then manager at his former club Ajax.

Dutch coach Rinus Michels, like Lobanovsky an astute tactician and strict disciplinarian, faces an absorbing mental duel with his counterpart in attempting to ensure his own team's superior individual skills and great heart can triumph over the Russians' impressive athleticism. teamwork and detailed tactical preparations.

Lobanovsky, who will be without suspended stopper Oleg Kuznetsov, will e obliged to make one enforced team change and is likely also to recall star striker Igor Belanov after injury.

Belanov, like Gullit, has yet to score in the tournament. Both have flickered at times without igniting any fuses, but both have the ability to turn a match in

Soviets storm into final

TOTAL LEGISLANDS

Two goals in three minutes early in the second half by midfielder Gennady Litovchenko and

since 1972. They will meet The Netherlands, 2-1 victors over hosts West Germany in the other semifinal, at the Olympic Stadium in Munich Saturday — a repeat of their group two tie on June 12

when the Russians won 1-0. Litovchenko struck after 60 minutes and Protasov after 63 minutes as the Soviet side, missing injured striker Igor Belanov, took command of a game which is unlikely to last long in the memory.

Six players were cautioned by Belgian referee Alexis Ponnet as both sides flew into tackles on the greasy surface.

The much-admired technical artistry of the Italians was rarely seen in the face of a muscular but often skilful performance by the Soviet side.

'Hooligans' passports must be withdrawn'

Unless the British authorities take away hooligans' passports, there is little chance of English soccer clubs returning to European competition, Hans Bangerter, retiring general secretary of UEFA, said Thursday.

UEFA, soccer's governing body in Europe, banned English clubs three years ago following the 1985 Heysel Stadium tragedy and, despite a general improve-ment in crowd behaviour domestically, a new wave of violence involving the English has closed the door again.

The ban was imposed after rioting English fans at the 1985 Champions' Cup final between The Soviet Union powered into Liverpool and Italy's Juventus It is worth noting, too, that the final Wednesday, beating Ita- caused a stampede that killed 39.

ARE YOU A BOWLER COURT ON BY AND SEE FOR YOUR SELF. OUR AS-80 AUTOMATIC SCORESS. IT IS OUR 1988 SURPRESE.



· ARU DANAR CENTER Tel. 645805 - P.O. BOX 1147 - AM

Door To Doors Packing, Crating, Moving

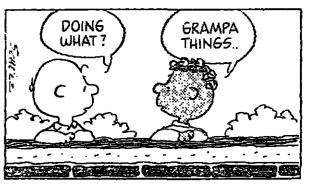
(House to House) Àir, Sea, Ovérland Freight. **Express Services.** Local & International.

For any information. Please call Tel. 606723 / 681237 TLX: 21174 Fax: 606536 Amman / Jordan.



most gratifying today; it night be better to work hard and enjoy co-workers. Don't make any decisions. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Not **Peanuts** good day to handle business mat-ters, so enjoy yourself. Pick ac-tivities that express your talents.

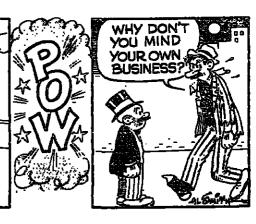




Mutt'n' Jeff







Andy Capp

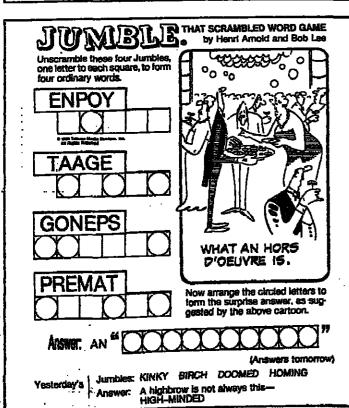


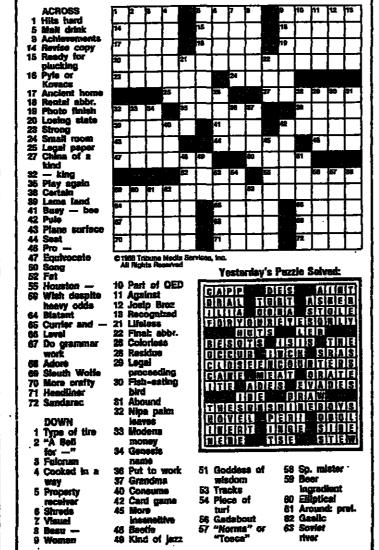




THE BETTER HALF. By Harris

"It's gonna be harder to control our spending. They invented a credit card that's impossible to leave at home!"





THE Daily Crossword by Roger Cobum

Latvia party urges crackdown

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Soviet Latvia's Communist Party has called for a crackdown on nationalism, while troops deployed in Transcaucasia and one official said the country should brace itself for unrest in other areas.

As nationalist and ethnic strife tee met June 18 and urged comsimmered from the Baltic Sea munists to "move resolutely republics to the southern borders of the Soviet Union, the Kazakhstan party chief said the issue would not go away and the party should discuss it at a key conference in Moscow next week.

"We should be ready for the appearance of extreme sentiment in other regions," Gennady Kolbin, first secretary of the party in the Central Asian republic, said in an interview published Thursday in the newspaper Izvestia. The Latvian Central Commit-

against any outburst of nationalism," the republic's youth newspaper Sovetskaya Molodezh said.

The plenum denounced recent nationalist street protests and leaflets disseminated in the Baltic republic, the paper said in its June 21 edition, which reached Moscow Thursday.

The party is concerned about a recurrence of "nationalism, chauvinism and anti-Sovietism." the paper said.

It said a June 14 march in Riga

a significant boost in firepower.

The decision will be officially

approved and announced later

Friday at NATO headquarters in

Brussels, although no details of

the force's composition will be

Norway, founding member of the 16-nation NATO in 1949,

does not base allied combat

troops on its soil in peacetime and

would rely almost totally on rein-

be based in their home countries

and will regularly practise rapid

deployment in Norway's harsh winter conditions. No date has

yet been set for the first exercise,

Norwegian defence officials said.

The country's 325,000-strong armed forces face one of the

world's biggest concentrations of

peninsula, just across their com-

mon Arctic border. Norway cov-

ers the approaches to vital Atlan-

midwest and south and caused

feed shortages for cattle ranchers.

are the highest on record, and

based on the temperatures

through June 1, 1988 will be the

warmest year on record," James

Hansen of the Goddard Institute

Hansen said there was strong

for Space Studies told the

evidence that the warmer temper-

atures were due to the so-called

greenhouse effect, which occurs

when carbon dioxide and other

gases escape into the atmosphere,

trapping heat escaping from the

earth and warming the surface of

the late 1980's and 1990's indicate

a tendency for an increase of

heatwave/drought situations in

the southeast and midwest Un-

ited States," he said, adding that duced.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

"Our climate simulations for

hearing.

the planet.

"Present global temperatures:

The three new battalions will

forcements in times of crisis.

NATO sets up new northern flank force

Treaty Organisation (NATO) established a new multinational force to defend its northern flank, a decision hailed by Norway Friday as a strengthening of the alliance's commitment to the country.

fence capabilities in important areas," Norwegian Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundtland told a news conference. "It represents a strengthening of allied commitment to the defence of Norway.

Government sources and diplomats from NATO countries told Reuters the force would comprise a Canadian infantry battalion, and two field artillery battalions, one from the United States and one from West Germany.

The decision marks the first

time that Oslo has agreed to allow German combat troops into Norway since World War II, when Hitler occupied the country

from 1940 to 1945. The force will replace a Canadian brigade currently earmarked tic shipping lanes.

WASHINGTON (R) — In the midst of a record U.S. heat wave

and drought, scientists warned

Congress Thursday that tempera-

tures would get even hotter in the

next century unless carbon diox-

ide in the atmosphere was re-

"It's hot out today, and unless

we change our ways, it's going to

get hotter," Michael Oppenheim-

er of the Environmental Defence

Fund told a Senate Energy Com-

As he spoke, temperatures

neared the 38 centigrade mark for

the second day in a row in

Washington with similar high

marks across most of the rest of

that has lasted for nearly three

months in many states has severe-

ly damaged crops of wheat, com

and soybeans in most of the

TASS reports attack on Kabui

MOSCOW (R) - Afghan rebels fired four rockets into residen-

tial areas of Kabul Friday, wounding a woman and damaging a house, the Soviet news agency TASS reported. It said one of the

rockets hit the Kabul airfield, causing a fire. TASS said a member

of the Hezb-i-Islami rebel group, identified as Alihan, died

Thursday while trying to plant a bomb at the Kabul bazaar. It said

two bystanders were wounded when the bomb exploded pre-

implementing requirements of the intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF) treaty, officials said Thursday. Three to five Soviets

were to take up residence at a Salt Lake City apartment complex

this weekend where up to 30 inspectors will live temporarily while verifying terms outlined in the INF Pact, said Brigadier General

Roland Lajoie. Lajoie, director of the on-site inspection agency

overseeing implementation of the treaty that eliminates missiles

with ranges from 500-5,000 kilometres, met with Utah officials

and the media to discuss the Soviets' arrival. The 30 Soviet

inspectors begin arriving July 1 and will monitor Hercules Incorporate's Magna, Utah, plant to ensure Pershing 2 missile production has ceased. Hercules produced the surface-to-surface missiles for the air force between August 1982 and June 1987.

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast (AP) — Nigeria has posted special

vigilante groups at all its ports and jetties to prevent toxic waste

from being offloaded by foreign ships, Nigerian state radio reported Thursday. Radio Nigeria, monitored in Abidjan, said

the move was designed to protect the population from the

hazards of waste material. The report came as a team of U.S.

experts were testing barrels of European toxic waste dumped

illegally in the West African nation. The Americans will advise

the Lagos government on how best to dispose of the 2.000-ton

load, including poisonous chemicals and radioactive materials.

The Nigerian government has arrested 15 people including several

Italians and decreed that anyone found guilty of links to the

KAMPALA (R) — A draft law submitted to the Ugandan

parliament this week makes it an offence for the first time to

encourage hatred or contempt towards members of any religion,

Uganda bill to protect religions, tribes

dumping risks being shot by firing squad.

Nigerian groups to monitor waste

The searing heat and a drought

duced.

mittee hearing.

rumblings of discontent in the other Baltic republics, Estonia and Lithuania. TASS news agency reported

June 15 that Lithuanian nationalists tried to take over a similar march in Vilnius to commemorate Stalin's victims. In the past, authorities have not allowed such marches to take place.

"extremists" to display anti-

absorbed by the Soviet Union in

Recently there also have been

Estonia's delegates to the party conference opening in Moscow Tuesday will bring radical ideas for the future of their homeland. including calls for economic autonomy and a right for the republic to choose its official lan-

In Transcaucasia, troops have been brought in to try to quell ethnic unrest in disputed Nagorno-Karabakh, and the Communist Party newspaper Pravda indi- February.

in honour of late dictator Josef cated Thursday the four-month-Stalin's victims was used by some old crisis is worsening.

It did not say where the sol-Soviet slogans and symbols of diers have been deployed, but "bourgeois Latvia," a reference to the republic before it was Moscow dissidents showed film Monday of soldiers protecting the Armenian section of Baku, the capital of Azerbaijan.

Soviet Foreign Ministry Spokesman Gennady Gerasimov said Wednesday that the annexation request would be taken up by the Praesidium of the National Supreme Soviet, the Soviet Union's highest legislative body, but that it probably would not be discussed in the near future.

The predominantly Armenian population of the mountainous region in Azerbaijan has been demonstrating daily for unification with Armenia. Their demands have sparked ethnic violence, killing at least 35 people

since February.
Analysis said the troops were apparently sent into the area with the main aim of preventing further ethnic killings of the kind which happened during riots in the Azerbaijani city of Sumgait in

Norway may halt heavy water exports

OSLO, Norway (AP) - Norway is considering ending all export of heavy water after suspicions were raised that several shipments may have been used to produce nuclear weapons, a foreign ministry official said Thursday.

Heavy water is used as a coolant in nuclear reactors, enabling reactors to operate on natural uranium instead of enriched uranium. It is commonly

used in research reactors. Foreign Minister Thorvald Stoltenberg had said Wednesday that Norway was embarrassed by naval might on the Soviet Kola the diversion of 15 tons of heavy water to the Gulf state of Dubai from its original West German destination. The 1983 deal was

disclosed last April. Experts say world to get hotter

the four warmest years in the past

century have occurred in this

warning," Oppenheimer said.
"Greenhouse warning presents
the most important global chal-

lenge of the next few decades.
"If measures are not taken

soon to limit the warming, hu-

mans face an increasingly difficult

future while natural ecosystems

may have no future at ali," he

He said world temperatures

were expected to increase about a

quarter-degree centigrade per de-

cade, while the sea level was

likely to rise at about 10 cen-

timetres a decade over the next

century unless carbon dioxide

from gasoline and other sources

and other emissions, such as

Uganda since independence in 1962.

Tamil leaders return to Sri Lanka

"The midwest drought is a

the state attorney. ... we have no intention to give up this case," he said in a radio interview. "I hope there won't be any

more export of such quantities of heavy water. We've had bad experience with what has happened, and it has been harmful to our interests and credibility abroad," he said.

Joerg Willy Bronebakk, a ministry spokesman, said Thursday the export policy will be reviewed, but it was unclear when the government would decide the

"We plan to let our law department study whether we are authorised to consider a possible halt in exports of heavy water," he said.

The Norwegians already have scaled back its production of heavy water to less than four tons



Laurent Fabius

French Socialists clear first hurdle

PARIS (R) - French Socialists, set to rule as an unprecedented minority government, have cleared a first parliamentary hurdle by installing their candidate in the influential post of speaker (president) of the assembly.

Former Prime Minister Lau-

rent Fabius was elected to the speaker's chair at the opening of the new session Thursday of the National Assembly through the combined votes of Socialists and Communists.

Fabius defeated the conserva tive incumbent. World War II anti-Nazi resistance fighter Jacques Chaban-Delmas, by 301 votes against 268 in a run-off ballot.

The vote for the speaker, who plays a key role in alloting debating time, was widely seen as a test of the Socialists' ability to mobilise the left's full voting strength following an inconclusive general election June 12.

President François Mitterrand's Socialist Party and allies won 276 seats in the 577-member assembly, ousting the conservatives from power but falling 13 seats short of a working majority.

The government of moderate Socialist Prime Minister Michel Rocard resigned Wednesday to allow its members to join the vote for the speaker, traditionally the first act of a new parliament.

IRA downs helicopter

down a British army helicopter in the first such strike of Northern Ireland's guerrilla war — but the military denied that a missile was

The Lynx helicopter, used to move troops and supplies around the so-called "bandit country" on the so-called bandit country on the so-called "bandit country" on the so-called "bandit country" on the so-called bandit country on the so-called "bandit country" on the so-called "ba the border with the Irish Repub-Thursday after being hit by gunfire in the tail. One crew member was treated for cuts and bruises.

The IRA claimed responsibility for the attack in south Armagh which local witnesses said had chloroflorocarbons, were re- been carried out by a heavy machine-gun.

BELFAST (R) — The Irish Republican Army (IRA) says it shot down a British army helicopter in that the helicopter was downed by a surface-to-air SAM-7 missile smuggled into Northern Ireland Helicopters are crucial to the

> the danger of IRA attacks. In 1979, 18 British soldiers were killed in the area by an IRA This is the first time a British

army helicopter has been shot down in Northern Ireland where the IRA is battling to oust the British but is often pinned down in the border counties by the military's air surveillance.

Two heavier Wessex helicopters were hit by gunfire in 1983 and 1985 but not brought down. Since then; the army has fitted its helicopter fleet with armour plating on the undercarriage and devices to deflect heat-seeking mis-

The helicopter attack was headline news in Ireland with the Irish Times calling it "an ominous new development."

"The helicopter loss will necessitate an urgent review of security procedures. If the British impunity in the skies, there are important strategic questions which have to be addressed," it

aides were arrested Monday and in U.S. economic aid to Haiti remained in jail. weakened the country and were a He denied reports that Haimajor factor in the demise of the civilian government there after tians were accepting the new only four months, ousted Presimilitary regime calmly, saying indent Leslie Manigat said tead that they were quiet through

Meanwhile, he said, 18 of his

Manigat blames

U.S. for coup

SANTO DOMINGO (R) — Cuts

Thursday.

"With well-used U.S. aid the "What it is, is a people that has popular masses would have been suffered and knows the brutality with us," Manigat, who was over-thrown by a military coup Monwith which the army is capable of acting but we will return to change this," he said.

day, told a news conference for Manigat gave an updated ver-sion of his travel plans, saying foreign journalists in the neighbouring Dominican Republic. "We would have changed the he sould leave Friday for Miami before heading for Rome, where political panorama more quickly he will attend a meeting of Christand democracy would have resulted stronger in the face oof the ian Democratic leaders, then danger of the military," he said. The United States cut off \$70 Paris, Bonn, Brussels and Madrid.

million in annual economic aid to He said he would then tour the Haiti after presidential elections United States before returning to last November were aborted Santo Domingo to decide in when 34 people were massacred at the polls. Manigat was elected which country to establish rein January in a vote seen by many

Manigat was overthrown in a coup after he fired the country's armed forces chief. Lieutenant General Henri Namphy, last Friday for insubordination.

to Haiti still flows through private Namphy Monday deported Manigat and placed himself once Manigat said although he received political support from more at the head of the country U.S. officials the necessary finanwhich he had ruled after the fall cial support was never forthof the Duvalier dictatorship in February, 1986.

Canada expels two more Soviet diplomats

OTTAWA (R) — Canada nov replied: "Yes, on par." announced Thursday it was expelling the Soviet military attache in Ottawa and also declared a former embassy secretary persona non grata in the growing spy

Haitians and foreign observers as

rigged by the military.
About \$36 million in U.S. aid

row between the two countries. External Affairs Minister Joe Clark said in a statement the government was responding to the "unjustified expulsion" of two Canadian diplomats by Moscow Wednesday. Canada also cut by three the number of Soviet officials allowed to operate in Canada.

However, within minutes of Clark's announcement, a spokesman for the Soviet embassy in Ottawa told Reuters that Moscow would respond to the latest Cana-

dian action. Asked if Moscow intended to expel more Canadian diplomats.

press attache Viacheslav Bogda-

Bogdanov also expressed hope that Canada would not take any further steps in the dispute. Moscow reacted swiftly

Wednesday after Ottawa accused the Soviet Union of conducting a wide-ranging espionage operation in Canada aimed at obtaining classified information for commercial and military purposes.

The Canadian government ordered the expulsion of 17 Soviet diplomats, citing a threat to national security. Canadian government officials

said Thursday the latest move was not aimed at escalating the "We don't see it as stepping it

up but rather a forced response to the unjustified action against Canadian diplomats," a government official said.

Gandhi may reshuffle cabinet

two state chief ministers, and a it for a general election Gandhi had called Finance Minister Narain Dutt Tiwari home from dira. London.

The announcement immediately triggered speculation of a cabinet reshuffle.

Tiwari is from Uttar Pradesh, the politically important northern state whose Chief Minister Vir Bahadur Singh, ruling party sources said, was told to step down Thursday.

Tiwari's summons home from London meetings, where he was seeking foreign investment in India, suggested he would replace Singh, the sources in Gandhi's Congress (I) Party said.

They said a cabinet reshuffle and changes in the party to prepare for general elections due by the end of 1989 were expected after the party's poor performance in June 16 by-elections.

S.B. Chavan, chief minister of Maharashtra, centred on Bomalso told to step down as part of Gandhi's move to make changes in the party, the sources said. Tiwari was made chief minister

ing a late-night television debate

NEW DELHI (R) - Prime of Uttar Pradesh, India's most Minister Rajiv Gandhi dismissed populous state, in 1984 to prepare government spokesman said he called that year after taking over

> Tiwari was brought to New Delhi the following year as industry minister and replaced Vishwanath Pratap Singh as finance minister in 1987. V.P. Singh was shifted to defence, and soon

> forced to resign.
>
> The two could face each other in Uttar Pradesh. V.P. Singh, who has waged a campaign accusing the Gandhi government of corruption since quitting office, was the opposition candidate who handed Congress an embarrassing defeat in a parliamentary by-election in Uttar Pradesh last

The state provides 85 of the 544 members of parliament's lower house, including Gandhi, and is a barometer of trends in the electorally crucial Hindi-speaking belt in northern India.

The by-elections led to the emergence of V.P. Singh as the likely candidate to lead the fragmented opposition against his old boss in the general elections.

PISA, Italy (AP) — This medieval city's famed leaning tower tilted another fraction of a millimetre during the past year, a rate that might cause the landmark to topple in about 100 years, an expert said Thursday. Gero Geri of the University of Pisa said that since June, 1987 the tower has leaned 1.29 millimeters according to measurements taken Wednesday. Geri is a member of the team that makes semi-annual checks of the displacement of several of Pisa's architectural treasures settling into the city's soft

Lauper graduates

clay foundation.

High School receives diplomas next week, they will be joined by an unusual honorary graduate — one with bright red hair, a squeaky New York accent and two platinum albums. Singer Cyndi Lauper will receive her diploma along with the 400 graduates of the Queens high school at ceremonies Monday, school officials said Wednesday. Lauper, whose hits include "Girls Just Wanna Have Fun" and "True colors," dropped out of the high school "years ago - I'm

Soviet INF inspectors arrive in Utah bay, India's financial centre, was army can no longer move with sithamparam said they sought a united front with guerrillas SALT LAKE CITY (R) — An advance team of Soviet officials were to arrive in Utah Friday to begin ground work for

COLOMBO (R) — Two moderate Tamil leaders returned to Sri Lanka Thursday after five years of self-imposed exile saying they wanted to see if the time was ripe for a political comeback. Appapillai Amirthalingam, general secretary of the Tamil United Liberation Front (TULF), and its president Murugesu Sivafighting for an independent state for the island's minority Tamils. TULF became the largest party in parliament in the last Sri Lankan general election in 1977 on a Tamil separatist platform. But after anti-Tamil riots among Sri Lanka's Sinhalese majority in 1983 the government required all parliamentarians to swear an oath of allegiance to a unitary state. All 16 TULF members went into exile in India, rather than swear the oath. Political sources say the move lost them the support of Tamils who have had to weather the civil war that has raged ever since.

party's activities in 1990 elections. The bill doest not, however,

include political affiliation as an aspect of sectarianism. Tribal and

religious divisions have been behind much of the civil strife in

U.S. urged to raze Moscow embassy

WASHINGTON (R) — Consultants have made a preliminary finding that the United States should raze, rather than partially dismantle, its bug-ridden new embassy in Moscow, a State Department official said Thursday. The official, who asked not to be identified, confirmed a New York Times report that said the consultants determined that dismantling part of the chancery would be more difficult and dangerous than razing it before rebuilding. State Department spokesman Charles Redman acknowledged that the consultants, BDM Corporation and MK-Ferguson Corporation, had submitted an interim report but refused to disclose its findings. But the other official told Reuters: "the story is accurate." The Reagan administration and Congress have been debating the fate of the new chancery - which has not been occupied - since it was found last year that the Soviets had permeated the building with sophisticated intelligence devices.

At least two killed in Mexico blasts

GUADALUPE, Mexico (AP) — Three huge gasoline tanks exploded Thursday in this northeastern industrial city, killing at least two people and lighting the night sky with flames visible 16 kilometres away, officials said. Twenty people were hospitalised, including six in very serious condition, after the blasts at the San Rafael tank farm owned by the government petroleum monopoly, Pemex, said Raul de la Garza, Nuevo Leon press secretary. Two people died in the explosion, he said, correcting earlier figures that four had died. De La Garza said 10,000 people were evacuated from their homes around the San Rafael tank farm in case the flames spread. Several vehicles parked near the tanks turned to molten metal as the temperature near the fire at times reached 3,000 celsius, said Nuevo Leon state judiciary police director, Hernan Guajardo Garza.

S. Korea plans for North talks

SEOUL (R) — South Korea is working out plans for exchanges with North Korea aimed at helping end the peninsula's division, Unification Minister Lee Hong-Koo

Seoul would put its ideas, including plans for student exchanges, to the North after consulting parliament, Lee said dur-

"Our position is that in order to realise substantial improvement in inter-Korean relations, we should not make proposals

that the North will have difficulty in accepting," Lee said.

The rival communist North and

capitalist South were set up on

Riots spread in Burma

BANGKOK (R) — Anti-govern-ment protest is spreading through Burma and police in the capital of Rangoon Friday dislodged students from the nation's holiest Buddhist shrine where they had set up a "strke centre", Western diplomats said.

Disturbances have erupted in towns in central and southern Burma as protests mount against. the rule of strongman former General Ne Win, the diplomats in the Thai capital said.

Food shortages and rocketing rice prices are fueling discontent and the students are also protesting at harsh measures by security forces in quelling earlier demonstrations.

The diplomats said the student demonstrators have been joined by Buddhist monks, workers and other groups.

Army reinforcements Friday took up positions at strategic points in Rangoon, which has been under cufew since riots Tuesday, envoys said.

Riot police have surrounded the Swedagon Pagoda, a 100metre high, gold-plated dome which dominates Rangoon's skyline, but there were reports that it had re-opened to the public after the students left.

About 100 students Thursday set up a "strike centre" inside the 2,500-year-old hilltop shrine, where nationalists rallied against British colonial rule after World War II.

The government Thursday imposed emergency restrictions on the township of Pegu, about 50 kilometres north of Rangoon following serious rioting the night

the peninsula in 1948. They fought a bloody conflict from 1950 to 1953 and formally remain at war.

Lee hinted the South might offer the North economic help. "It is very natural for us to pay attention to the welfare of our brethren in the North," he said. "If we find things we can do for

the North Korean residents, and if they do not require mutual agree-ment, we will carry them out unilaterally, sometimes quietly and sometimes in a more open manner," he added.

Lee said the South sought to foster a "national community" with the North in a partnership.

On June 10, riot police battled thousands of student radicals to stop them leaving Seoul for a meeting with North Korean students at the border village of Pangunjom.

Student leaders say they will make another attempt at a rendezvous August 15, National Independence Day.

Lee hinted the government might allow students in the South to meet their northern counterparts that day, saying: "I am optimistic that such a very regrettable incident (as on June 10) not sure just when," said herwill not happen August 15." | publicist. Robin Riggs.

Cold Pakistani bites colleague's ear off

DUBAJ (R) — Pakistani tailor Mohammed Ghulam was too cold and his colleague refused to turn off the airconditioner. So he bit off his ear. Ghulam, 48, was sentenced to three years in jail for assault but following an impassioned plea by the victim the judge reduced the term to three

Prince unveils wax likeness

LONDON (AP) - Prince Edward unveiled his wax likeness at Madame Tussaud's Thursday at a pre-breakfast ceremony and joked that he was unsure if it resembled him. "I don't know (if it does)," said the 24-year-old prince, the third son of Queen Elizabeth II. "I have never seen myself at this time in the morning." Edward, whose ceremony was scheduled before his job at a theatre production assistant, told reporters, "If you are wondering why you are here at 8 a.m. It is because I did my sittings at that time and I think I should look much the same." The prince's wax figure was dressed in his own clothes and was complete with true-to-life thinning hair, a fact the prince also noticed. "He's got more hair. That's slightly embarrassing," he said sarcastically.

Minister sentenced for insulting king

BANGKOK (AP) — The supreme court in Thailand sentenced a former deputy interior minister to four years in prison for insulting the monarchy, a provincial court official said Friday. The supreme court agreed with a lower court decision that remarks made by former Minister Veera Musikapong during a political campaign were intended to insult King Bhumibol Adulyadej, Thailand's constitutional ruler. But the court reduced the original sentence of six years because of Veera's past services to the country, said Chamnong Kerdsoong-neon, the court official. Veera, 40, was accused of making the allegedly insulting remarks July 13, 1986, while campaigning for a seat in the lower house of parlia-

'Please strip somewhere else'

LONDON (R) - Authorities at the Wimbledon tennis chamnionshins have told IIS player Barbara Potter they would prefer it if she did not change her shirt on court. Potter caused a stir when she asked ball-boys to shield her with towels while she stripped to her bra Thursday. Earlier in the week she twice asked girls to do the job. Wally Wonfor, sports chief at the local authority which provides ball-boys and girls, said: "The chil-dren should not have to do this. It's embarrassing. But it's obviously difficult for them to refuse. I shall be telling the children not to participate in any towel-holding from now on." Male players such as Boris Becker have regularly changed their shirts on court in recent years without creating a fuss. But the All England Lawn Tennis Club. which organises the annual prestige tournament, said in a statement it did not encourage the practice in either sex. Potter, 27, also caught spectators' eyes this

bear the words "Smart Ass." Pisa leans a little bit more

week with her underpants, which

NEW YORK (AP) - When the class of 1988 at Richmond Hill

tribe or region. The bill, made available to Reuters Thursday, gives the first legal definition of the term "sectarianism", which President Yoweri Museveni and his National Resistance Movement (NRM) have often used to include political partisanship. Uganda's traditional parties, especially the rightist Democratic Party, have criticised the use of the term, and party officials have said in private they suspected the NRM would use it to curb the

Joseph Jack